

University of Barcelona

F. Xavier Abad Morejon de Giron Campus of Universitat Autonoma de Barcelona Spain

BIOGARAPHY

His main research interest are persistence of animal and human viruses in the environment, with particular attention to water, fomites and foods, and the inactivation and removal procedures for assuring the viral safety of blood derivatives, cosmetics and foods, and, also, bio containment and biosafety issues in microbiological research laboratories, among others. He has written more than 30 papers in international journals and 6 book chapters. The spreading of his work has been, also, achieved through more than 50 oral or poster communications, mainly, in international congresses or symposia. In the last seven years he has became the person in charge on biosafety management in Centre de Recerca en Sanitat Animal (CReSA), managing 500 m2 BSL3 laboratory areas (in a whole Biocontainment Unit constituted of three floors of 1500 m2 each one), and from 18 months ago, he also took the management of CReSA BSL2 laboratories.

Biosafety, quality and viral inactivation

Xavier Abad Morejón de Girón PhD in Biological Sciences BSL2/BSL3 Laboratory Manager Biosafety Officer

- Environmental virology.
- Viral inactivation procedures. Validation and standardization. Application to biosafety standard protocols.
- Application of quality tools in the management of a biosafety facility.

- Environmental virology (in stand by)
 - Persistence of virus on waters
 - Persistence of virus on fomites
 - Environmental microbial activity with virucidal properties.
- Abad, F.X., Pintó, R.M., and Bosch, A. 1994. Survival of enteric viruses on environmental fomites. Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 60;3704-3710.
- Abad, F.X., Pintó, R.M., Gajardo, R., and Bosch, A. 1997. Viruses in mussels: public health implications and depuration. J. Food Protection 60;677-681.
- Bosch, A., Pintó, R.M., Villena, C. and Abad, F.X. 1997. Persistence of human astrovirus in fresh and marine water. Wat. Sci. Technol. 39;243-247.
- Villena, C., Morsy, W., Abad, F.X., Pintó, R.M., and Bosch, A. 2003. Group A rotavirus in sewage samples from Barcelona and Cairo: emergence of unusual genotypes. Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 69;3919-3923.
- Caballero, S., Abad, F.X., Loisy, F., Le Guyader, F.S., Cohen, J., Pintó, R.M., and Bosch, A. 2004.Rotavirus virus-like particles as tracers in environmental studies. Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 70;3904-3909.

- Viral inactivation procedures.
 - On solution, desiccated on fomites (carrier), on foods...
- Assay of viral inactivation procedures on demand (or due to biosafety requirements of CReSA) on a broad range of viruses, either RNA or DNA, enveloped or nonenveloped.

- Viral inactivation procedures.
 - On solution, desiccated on fomites (carrier), on foods...

- **Abad, F.X.,** Pintó, R.M., Diez, J.M., and Bosch, A. 1994. Disinfection of human enteric viruses in water by copper and silver in combination with low levels of chlorine. Applied and Environmental Microbiology 60;2377-2383.
- **Abad, F.X.,** Pintó, R.M., and Bosch, A. 1997. Disinfection of human enteric viruses on fomites. FEMS Microbiology Letters 156;107-111.
- **Abad, F.X.,** Pintó, R.M., and Bosch, A. 2000. Virus-inactivation processes: The way to ensure virus safe products. Recent Research Developments in Microbiology 4:643-655.
- Abad, F.X. y Fraile, L. 2009. Teoría y práctica de la limpieza y desinfección en granjas porcinas. Suis 58; 14-22 (in Spanish)
- **Abad, X.,** Majó, N., Rosell, R., and Busquets, N. 2012. Assay of several inactivation steps on West Nile Virus and H7N1 highly pathogenic avian influenza virus suspensions. Biosafety (http://dx.doi.org/10.4172/2167-0331.1000103)

• Viral inactivation procedures. Validation and standardization.

Table 2		Viruses						
Agent	Contact time	SVDV	H7N1 HPAIV	H7N7 HPAIV	WNV	CHIKV		
AL buffer	10 min	≤2 log ₁₀	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$	≥3.5 log ₁₀	ND	ND		
B3 buffer	25 min	NR	ND	≥3.5 log ₁₀	≥4 log ₁₀	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$		
PBI buffer	10 min	$\geq 5 \log_{10}$	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$	ND	ND	ND		
RAV1 buffer	10 min	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	\geq 3.5 log ₁₀	\geq 3.5 log ₁₀	≥1.5 log ₁₀	ND		
Trizol	10 min	4 log ₁₀	≥1.5 log ₁₀	≥2.5 log ₁₀	$\geq 2 \log_{10}(T)$	$\geq 2 \log_{10}(T)$		
UV	30 min		$\geq 6 \log_{10}$	ND				
	30 min	≥6 log ₁₀	4.5 log ₁₀	ND	≥4 log ₁₀	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$		
	30 min		3.5 log ₁₀	ND				
70°C	10 min	$\geq 5 \log_{10}$	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	ND	4.5 log ₁₀	5 log ₁₀		
70°C	15 min	6 log ₁₀	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	4.5 log ₁₀	5 log ₁₀		
FTA cards	10 min	4 log ₁₀	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$	ND	≥4 log ₁₀	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$		

Data expressed, in all cases, as log10 reduction form initial viral titer. **NR**: No reduction after treatment; **ND**: Not done yet; **(T)**: Toxicity at high dilutions, the effectiveness of the treatment could be higher that reported; **(*)**: Carrier test performed with viral inocula desiccated on inert surfaces and submitted to H2O2 cycle strictly following manufacturer's instructions.

• Viral inactivation procedures. Application to disinfection biosafety standard protocols

Table 1		Viruses						
Disinfectant	Contact time	SVDV	H7N1 HPAIV	H7N7 HPAIV	WNV	CHIKV		
4% Acetic acid	10 min	NR	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	$\geq 2 \log_{10} (T)$	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$		
Cloramine T	25 min	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	ND	$\geq 2 \log_{10} (T)$	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$		
70% Etanol	10 min	4 log ₁₀	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$		
H ₂ O ₂ (vapour)(*)	5 hours	NR	$\geq 2 \log_{10}$	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$				
1% Bleach	10 min	$\geq 6 \log_{10}$	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$		
0.1% Bleach	10 min	1 log ₁₀	1 log ₁₀	1 log ₁₀	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$	1-2 log ₁₀		
1% Limoseptic	30 min	4 log ₁₀	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$	ND	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$		
PERAsafe	10 min	$\geq 5 \log_{10}$	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$	ND	ND	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$		
1% Virkon	10 min	$\geq 5 \log_{10}$	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	≥5 log ₁₀	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$	≥3 log ₁₀ (⊤)		
pH=12.0	12 hours	4-5 log ₁₀	3-4 log10	ND	ND	$\geq 3 \log_{10}$		
pH=12.9	12 hours	6 log ₁₀	$\geq 4 \log_{10}$	ND	ND	ND		

Data expressed, in all cases, as log10 reduction form initial viral titer. **NR**: No reduction after treatment; **ND**: Not done yet; **(T)**: Toxicity at high dilutions, the effectiveness of the treatment could be higher that reported; **(*)**: Carrier test performed with viral inocula desiccated on inert surfaces and submitted to H2O2 cycle strictly following manufacturer's instructions.

- Application of quality tools in the management of a biosafety facility.
 - GLP application on research groups
 - ISO 17025 application in a research facility.
 How, on what and why?
 - ISO 15793 Biological risk management on biocontainment facilities.
 - Lifelong training of staff in biosafety issues

- Application of quality tools in the management of a biosafety facility.
- Abad, F.X. 2005. Principis de Bones Pràctiques de Laboratori (BPLs). Implantació en un Laboratori de Recerca. Omnis cellula 8;22-27. (in catalan).
- Abad, F.X., Bosch, A., y Navarro, C. 2005. Implementation of Good Laboratory Practice in a University Research Unit. Quality Assurance Journal. 9; 304-311.
- Weidmann, M., Hufert, F., Elschner, M., Silman, N., Mirazimi, A., Morejón de Girón, F., Butaye, P. 2009. Networking for BSL-3/4 laboratory scientist training. Nature Reviews Microbiology 7;756.
- Abad, FX. 2013. Biosafety and Quality issues must go hand in hand. Biosafety (doi: 10.4172/2167-0331.1000e142).
- Abad, X. 2014. CWA 15793: When the Biorisk Management is the Core of a Facility. Biosafety 3: 119. (doi:10.4172/2167-0331.1000119)

• Where I work?

CReSA, research facility devoted to Animal Health. Our state-of-the-art building started in operation at 2006. More than 100 people (among technicians, researchers and platform staff).

Funding from governmental departments and agencies, from national and European competitive projects and from contracts with private companies.

The whole building





BSL3/4 training school, May 2014



Centre de Recerca en Sanitat Animal

P. 1



Biosafety, quality and viral inactivation

- More than 40 international SCI papers.
- Several chapters in virology books.
- Contracts with private companies.
- External expert for private companies in assessment of viral inactivation steps.
- Expert in GLP and ISO implementation in research environments.

 CReSA
 CReSA Building
 Campus Universitat Autonoma de Barcelona
 08193 Bellaterra, BCN, Catalonia











xavier.abad@cresa.uab.cat

OMICS Group Open Access Membership

OMICS International Open Access Membership enables academic and research institutions, funders and corporations to actively encourage open access in scholarly communication and the dissemination of research published by their authors. For more details and benefits, click on the link below: http://omicsonline.org/membership.php

