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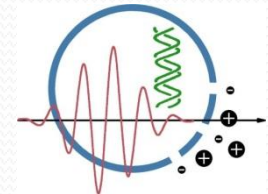
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Nanosecond Pulsed Electric Field (NSpef)-Induced Mechanisms that Bypass Cancer Mutations and cause Cell Death in Cells and Tumors

Stephen J. Beebe, PhD

Frank Reidy Research Center for Bioelectrics



Old Dominion University
Norfolk VA



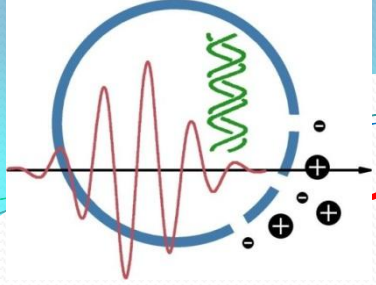
Some Introduction and Concepts

**nsPEF Waveforms, Calcium, Mitochondria ($\Delta\Psi_m$)
and Effects on Proteins**

nsPEFs Conquer Evasion of Apoptosis

Some Perspective about Cancer

**nsPEFs Abolish Rat HCC and Disable
Evasion of Apoptosis and Immune Surveillance**



Using Pulse Power Technology

Cell Manipulations by Pulsed Electric Fields Using Different Pulse Durations

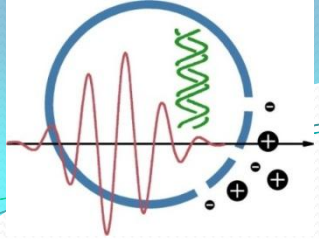
This includes:

Conventional Plasma Membrane Electroporation

Milli- second, Micro- second pulses

Sub-MicroSecond Pulsed Electric Fields

Nanosecond and Pico-second



Pulse Power w/ nsPEFs - Concept 1

Electric Power -stored and released instantaneously into cells and tissues
This produces **High Power**, low energy, non-thermal conditions

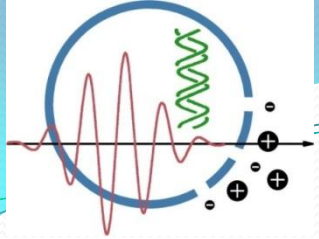
If 1 joule of energy is released all at once in :

1 second = 1 watt

1 microsecond = 1 megawatt

1 nanosecond = 1 gigawatt

100 nanosecond = 10 megawatts



Pulse Power w/ nsPEFs - Concept - 2 Nanopores

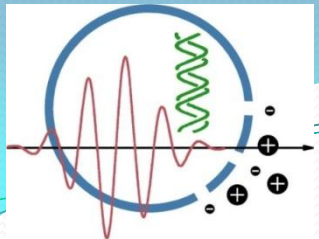
High Density Nanoscale Pores in all Cell Membranes

Stewart et al., IEEE Trans Plasma Sci. 2004;32:1696-1708;

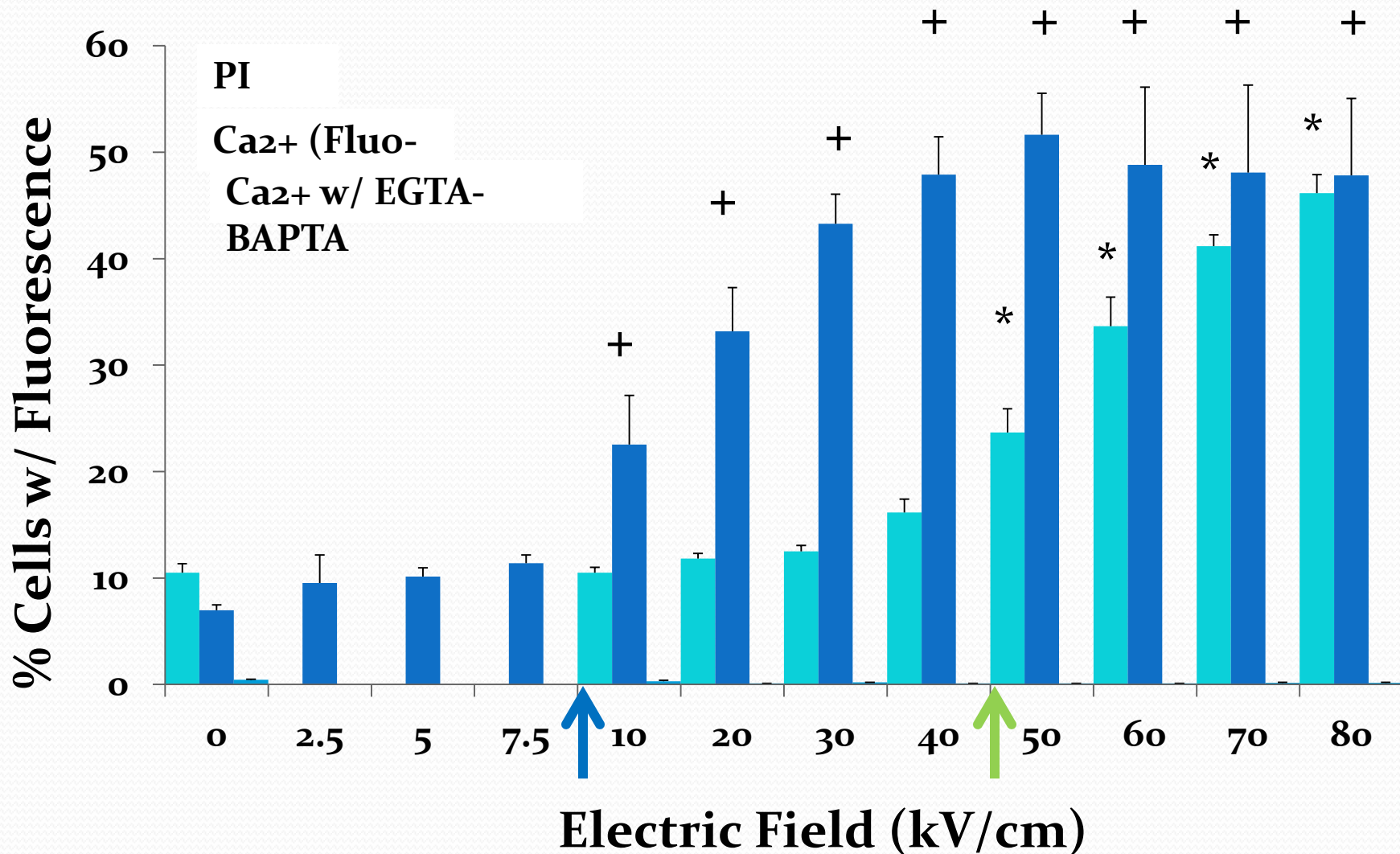
Gowrishankar et al., BBRC 2006;341:266-1276;

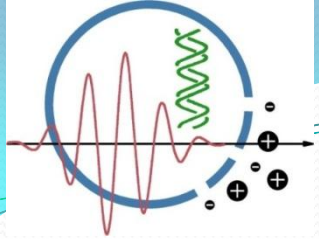
Vernier et al., BMC Cell Biol. 2006;7:37;

Pakhomov et al., BBRC 2009;385:181-186.



Ca²⁺ and PI Permeabilization in Jurkat Cells (10 min post-pulse)





Pulse Power w/ nsPEFs - Concept - 3 Hypothesis

**Fast Rise Time ($< \sim 70$ ns) or High Frequency
Component of Sub-Microsecond Pulses
Provides Greater Possibilities for Intracellular
Effects**

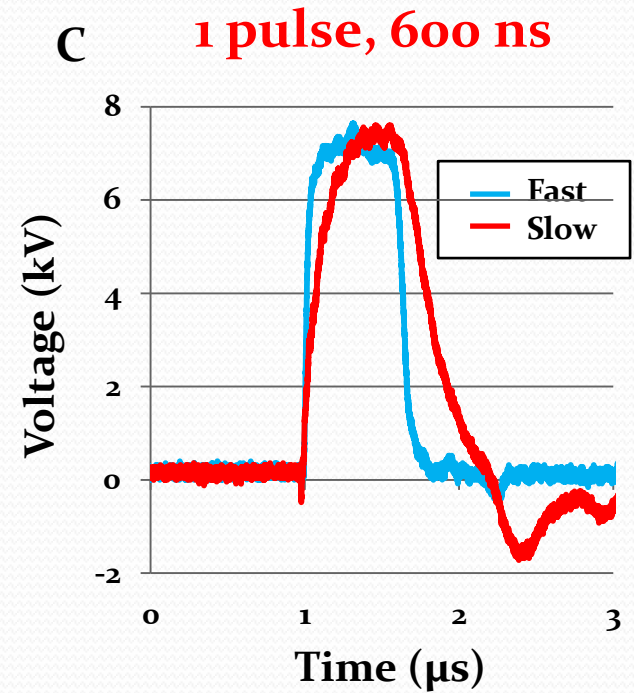
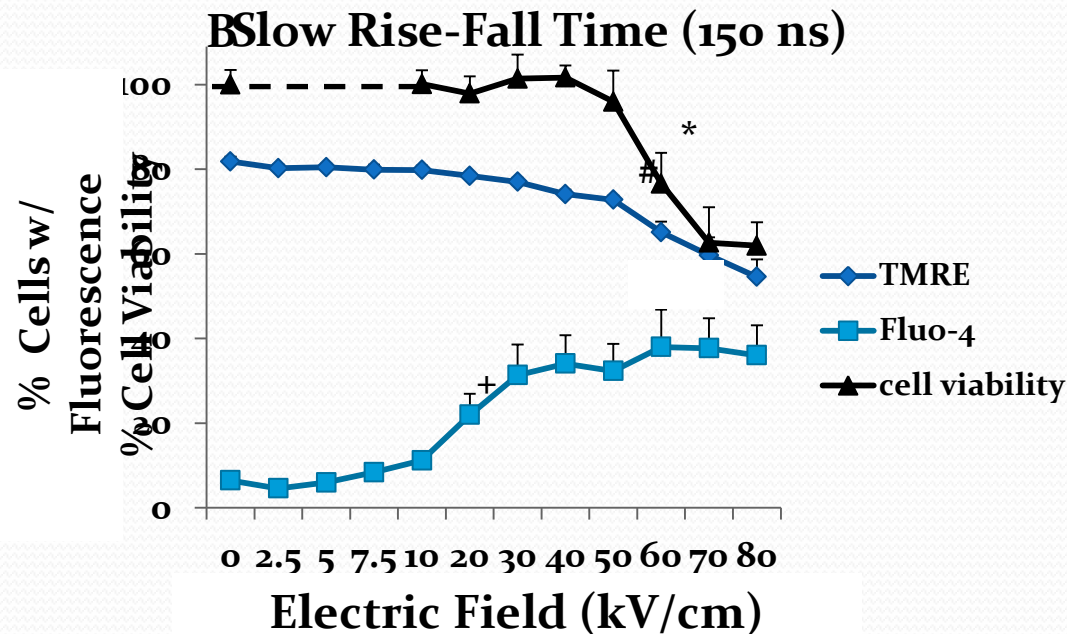
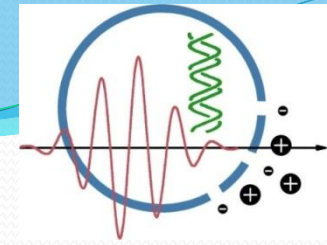
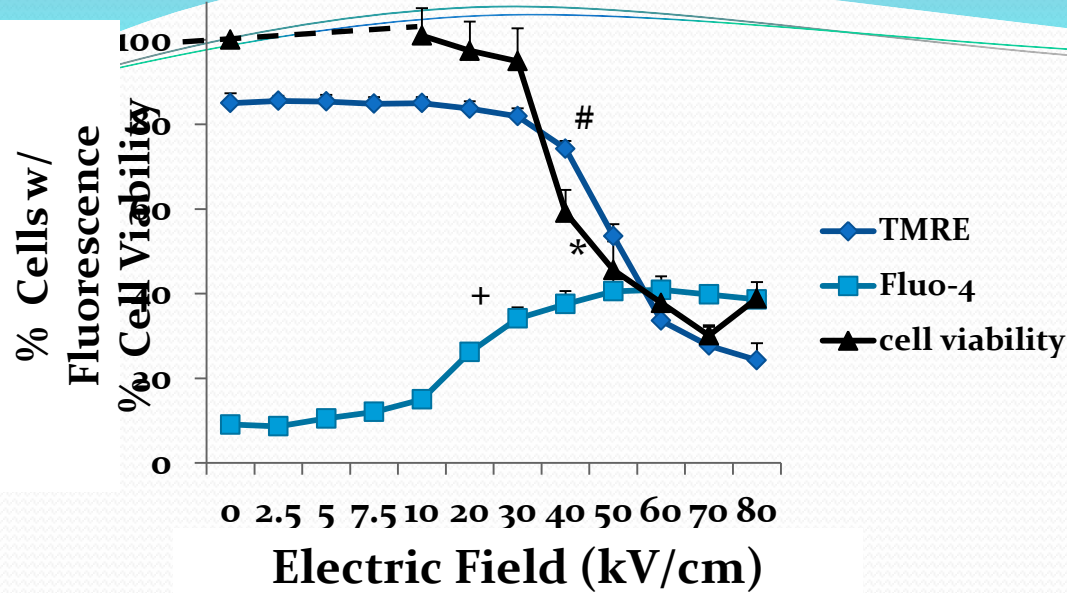
Schoenbach et al., *Bioelectromagnetics* 2001; 22 :440-448.

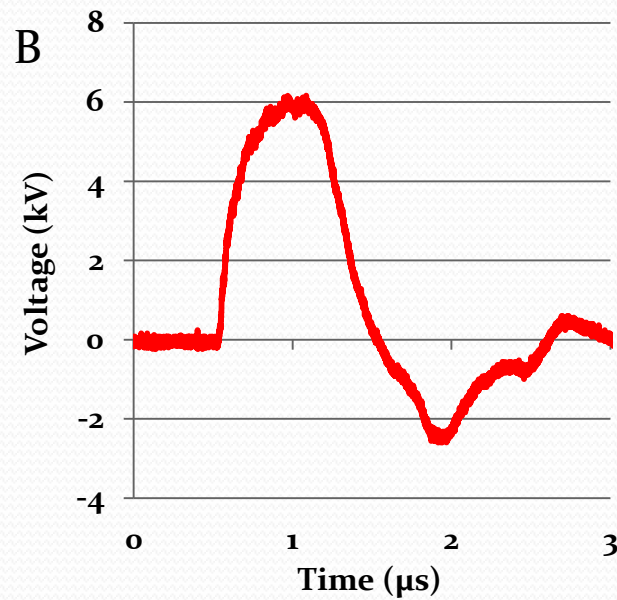
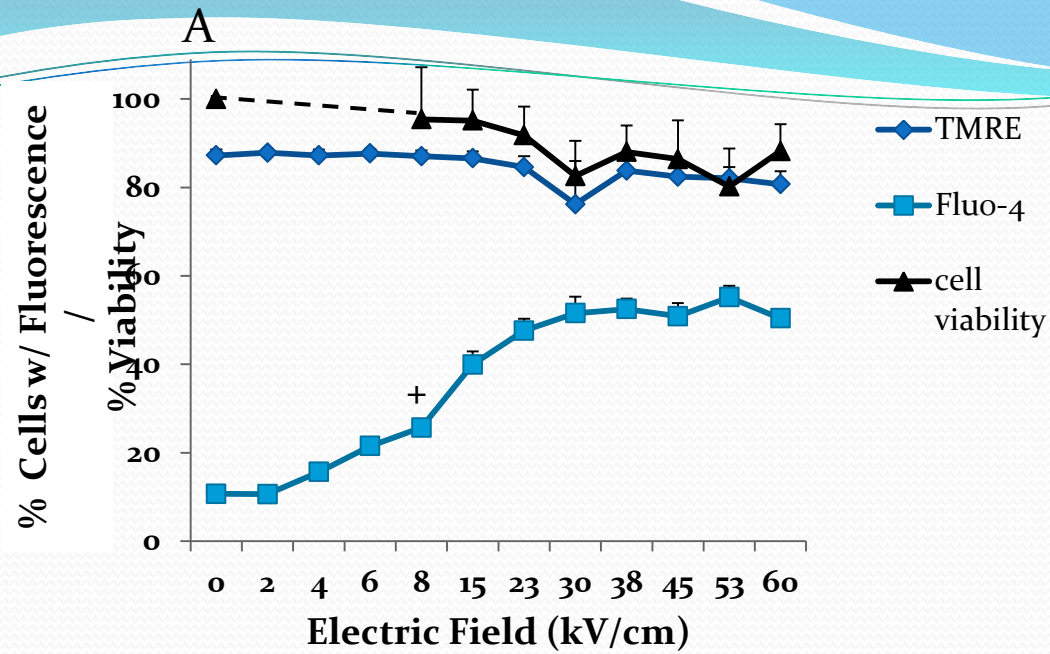
Beebe et al., *PLoS One* 2012 ;7 :e51349.

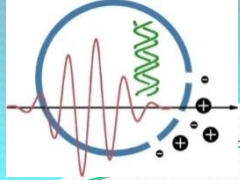
Beebe et al., *Cells* 2012; 2: 136-162.

Beebe et al., *J Nanomedic Nanotechnol.* 2013 ;4: 163.

A Fast Rise-Fall Time (15 ns)



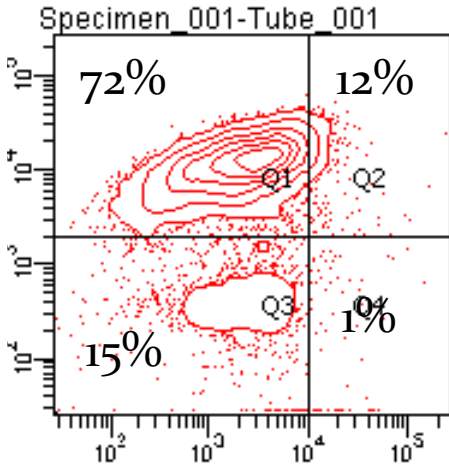




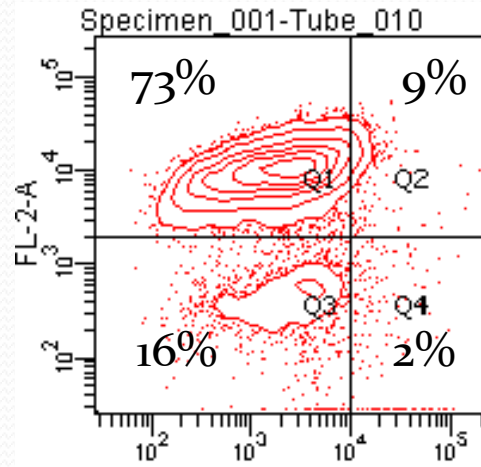
Fast Rise-Fall Time, Matched Load

0 kV/cm

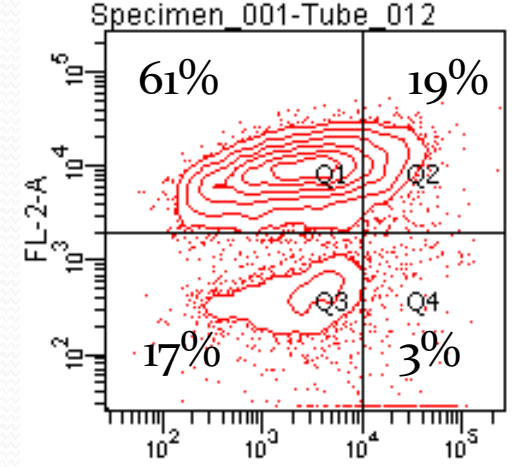
TMRE $\Delta\psi_m$



10 kV/cm



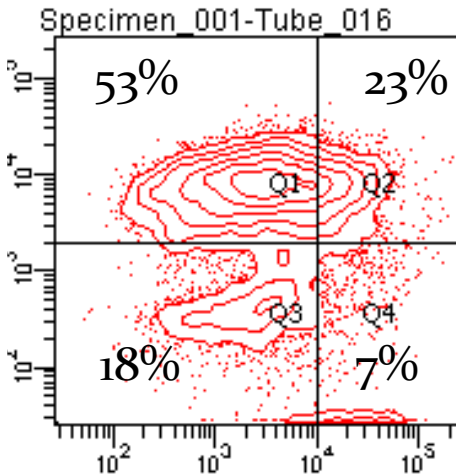
20 kV/cm



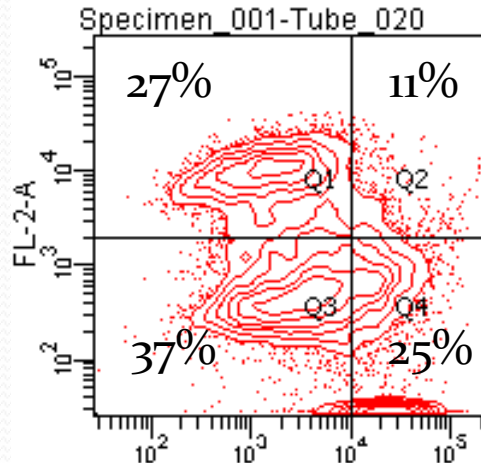
Fluo-4 Calcium Influx

40 kV/cm

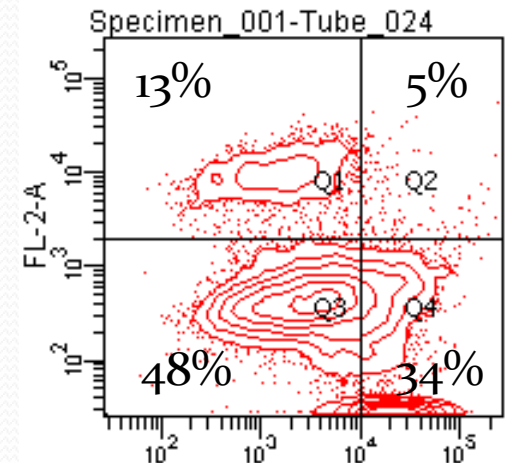
TMRE $\Delta\psi_m$



60 kV/cm



80 kV/cm

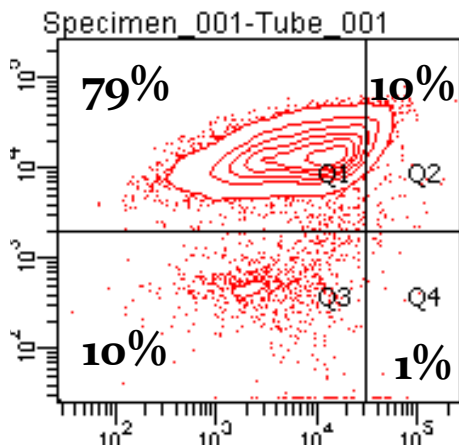


Fluo-4 Calcium Influx

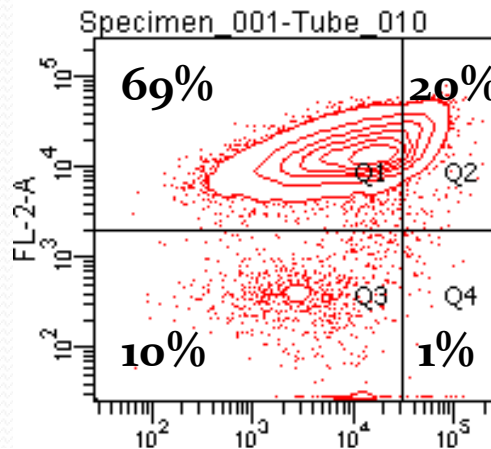
Slow Rise-Fall Time, Unmatched Load

0 kV/cm

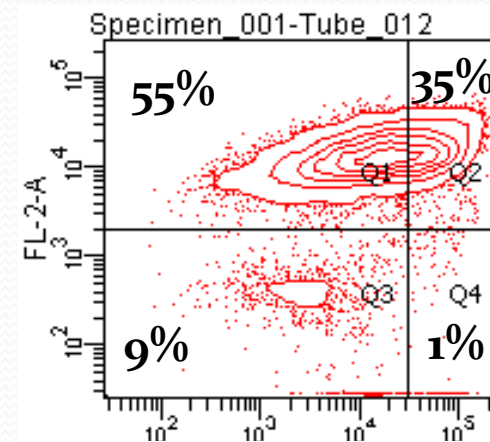
TMRE $\Delta\psi_m$



7.5 kV/cm



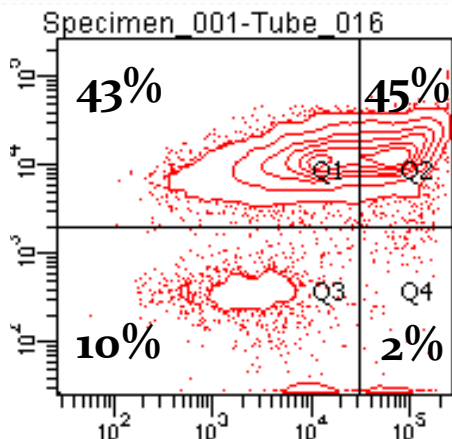
15 kV/cm



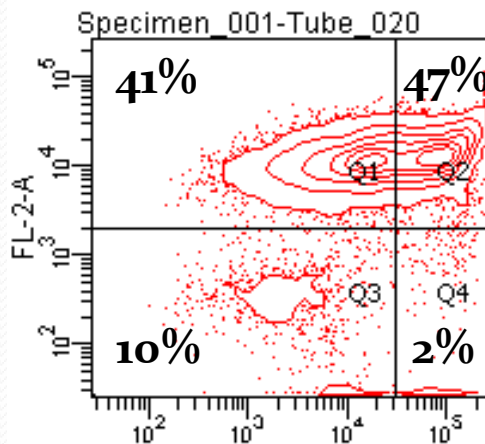
Fluo-4 Calcium Influx

30 kV/cm

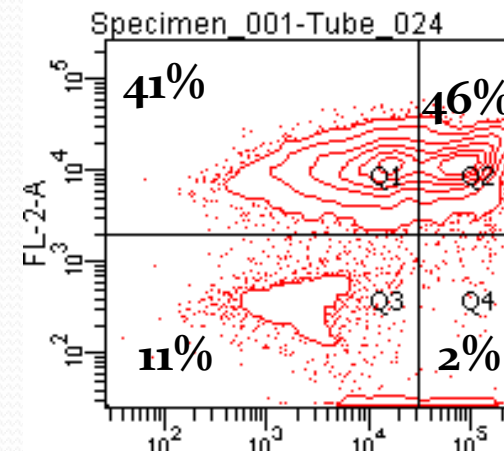
TMRE $\Delta\psi_m$



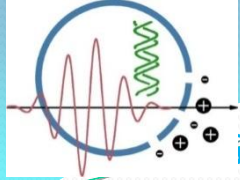
45 kV/cm



60 kV/cm



Fluo-4 Calcium Influx



PEF-induced Decrease in $\Delta\Psi_m$ is Ca^{2+} Dependent

[(1) Effects on Proteins (2) Not Poration of Inner Mitochondria Membrane]

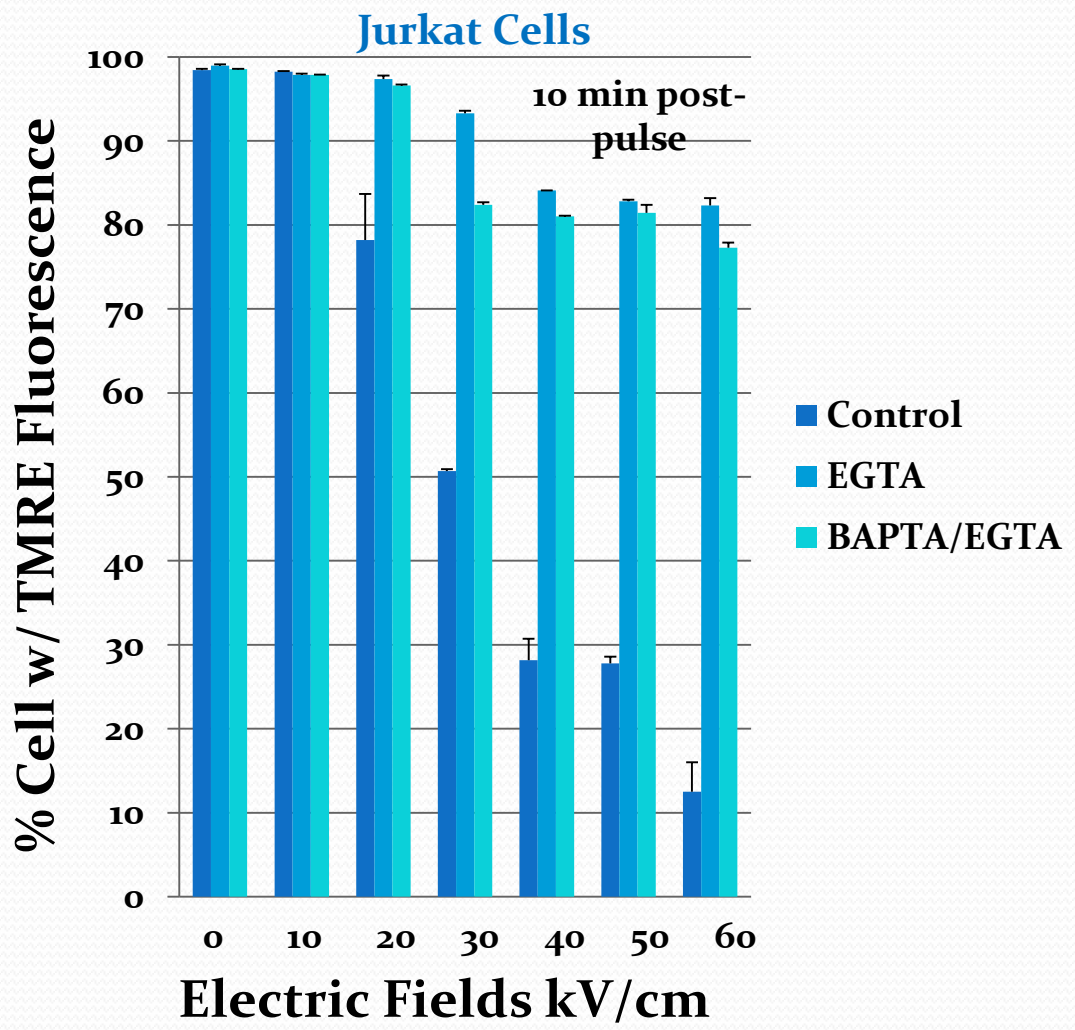
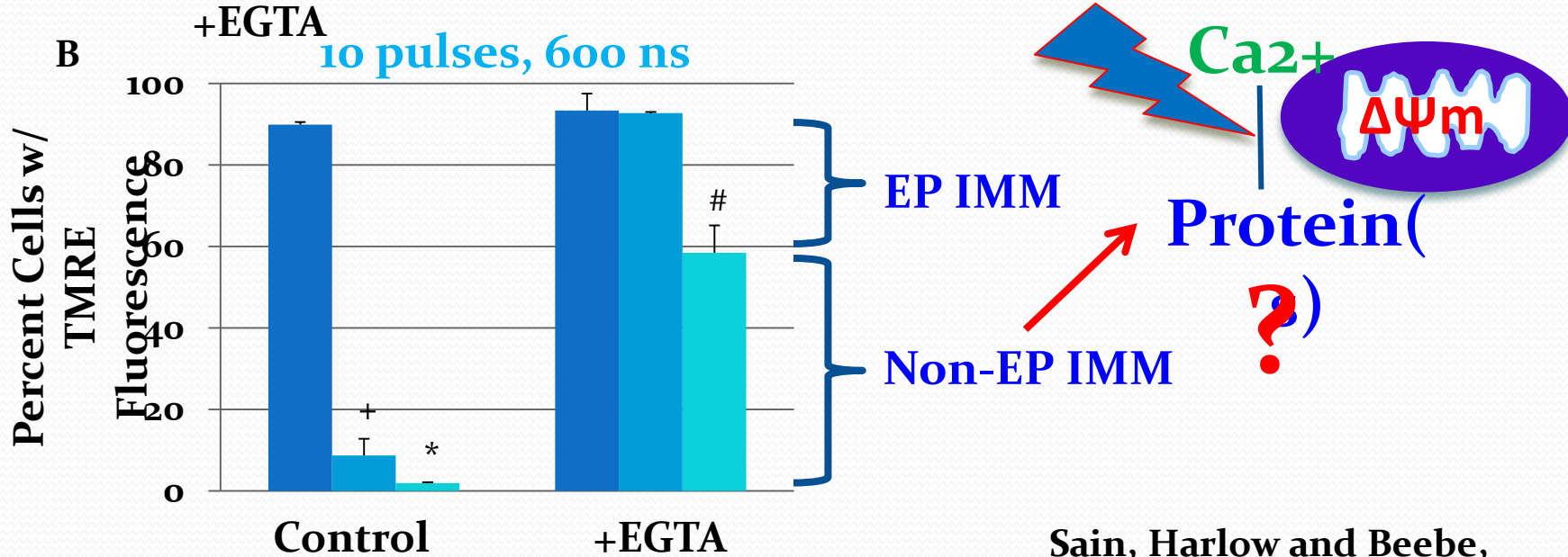
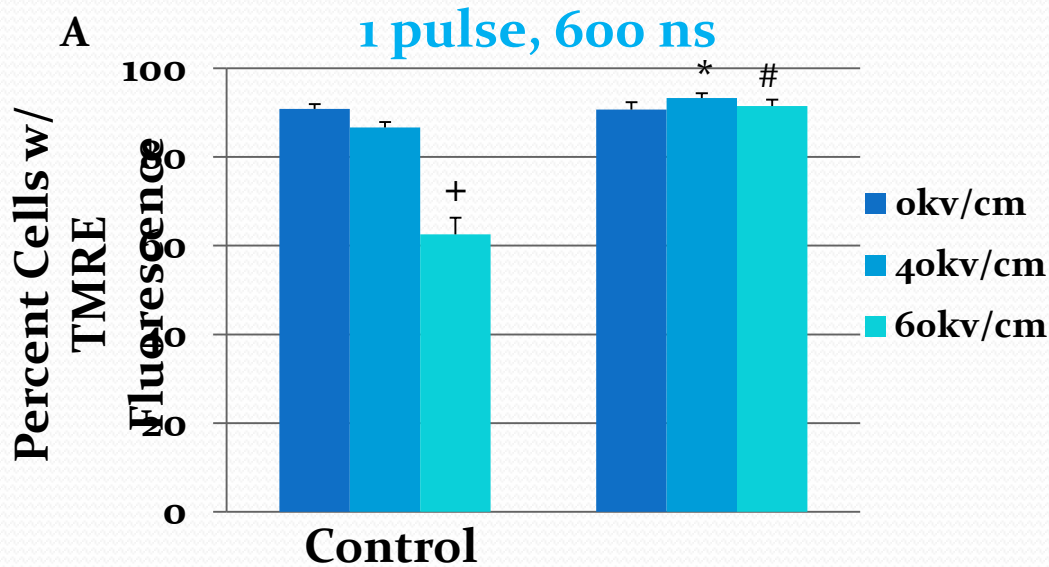


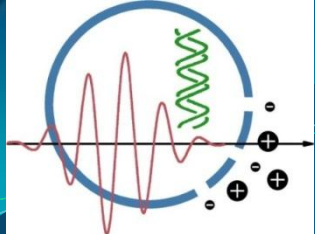
Figure Unpublished
Beebe et al., Cells 2013; 2: 136-

Rat Ni-Si Hepatocellular Carcinoma Cells

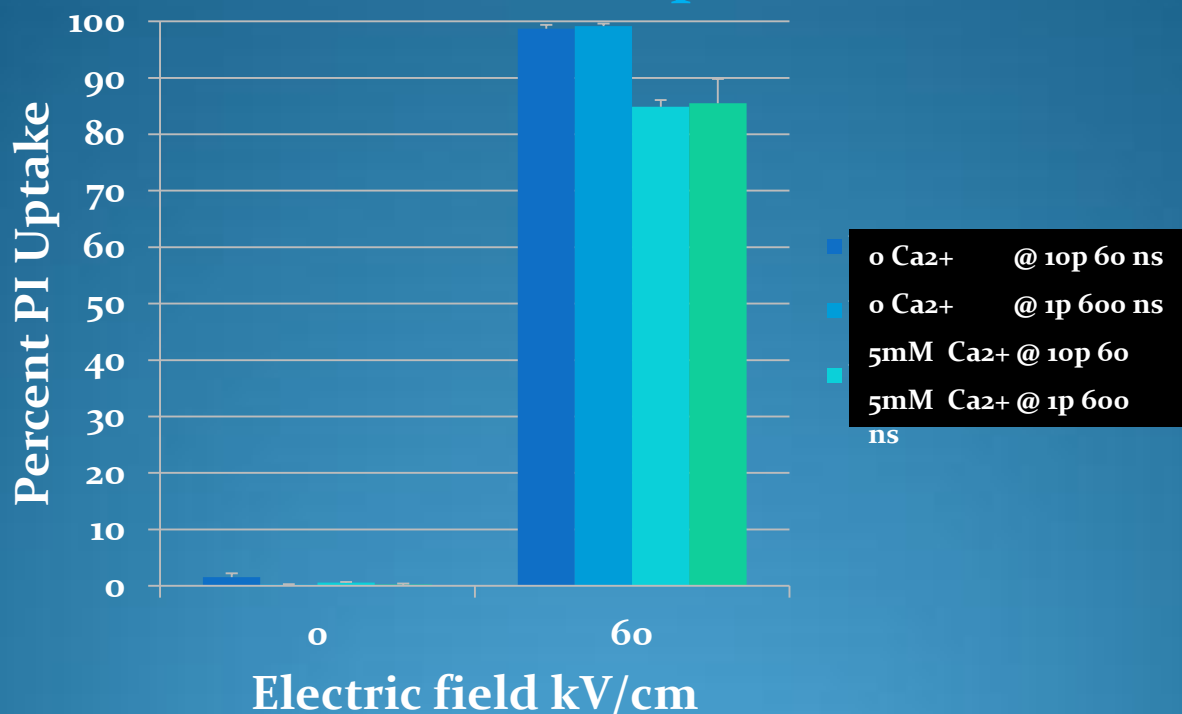
(Ca²⁺ dependent decrease in $\Delta\Psi_m$ – not poration effect)



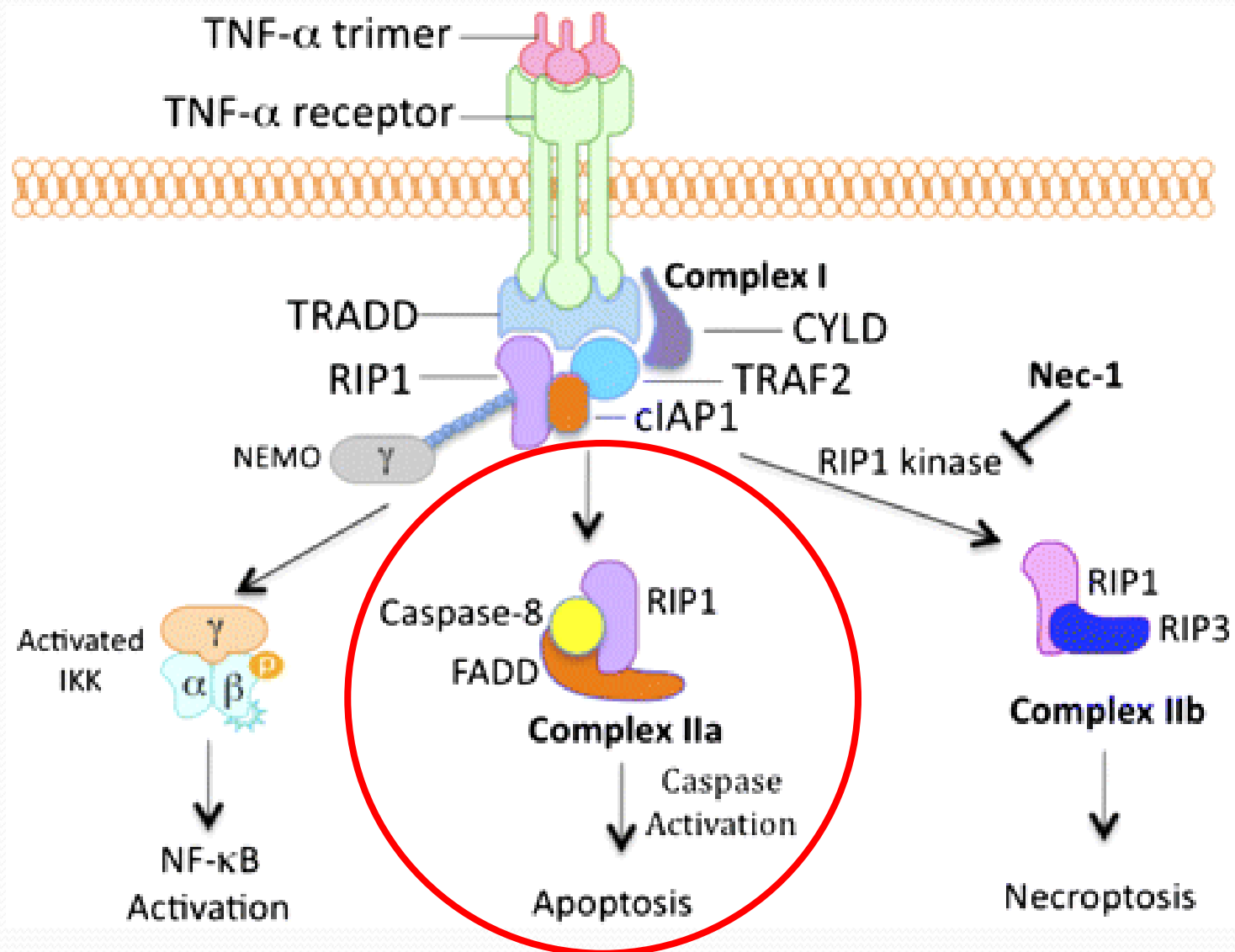
Sain, Harlow and Beebe,
Unpublished



Plasma Membrane Permeabilization is not Ca²⁺ Dependent

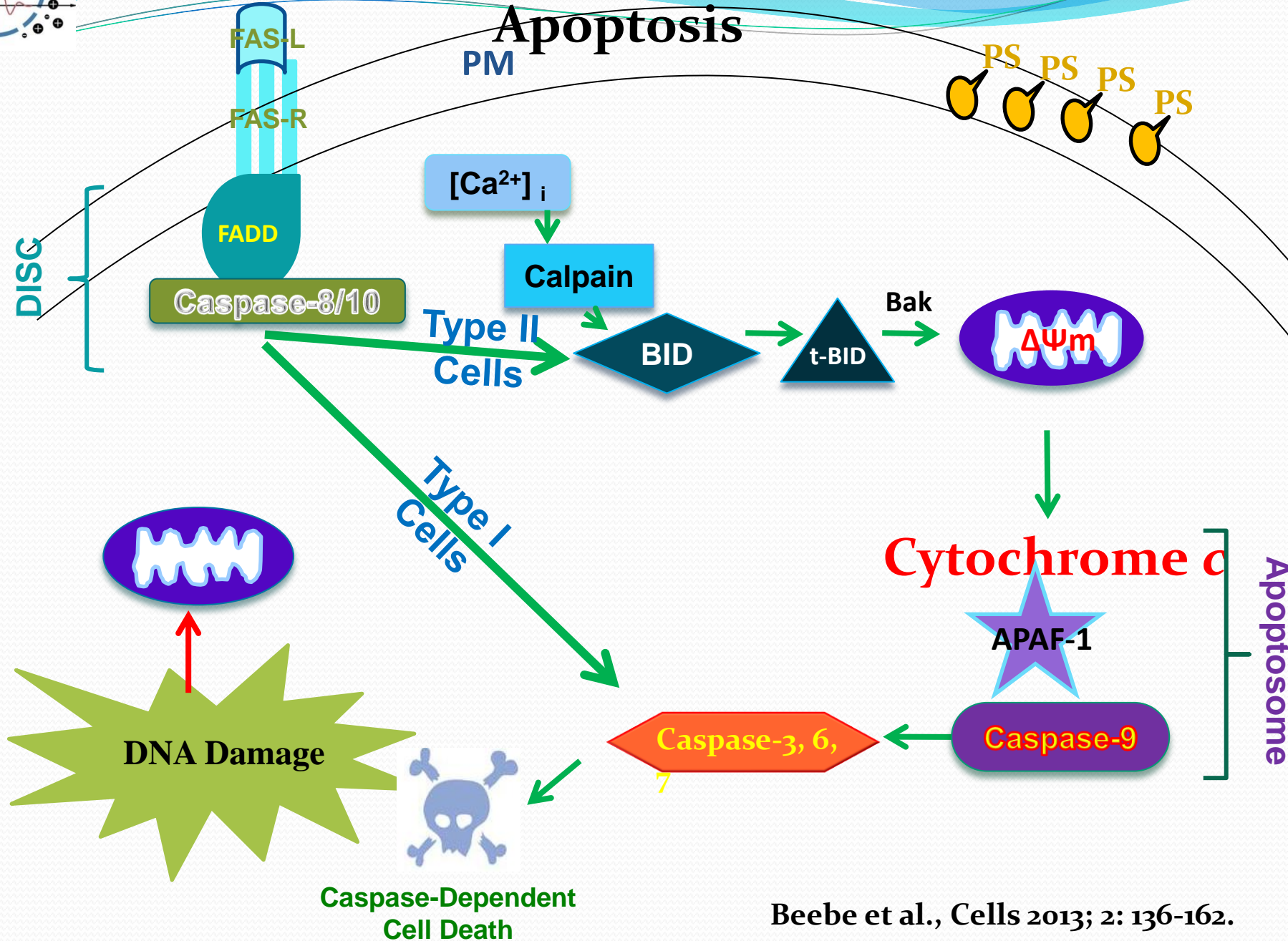


Signaling Complexes induced by TNF α mediate Nf κ B activation, apoptosis and necroptosis



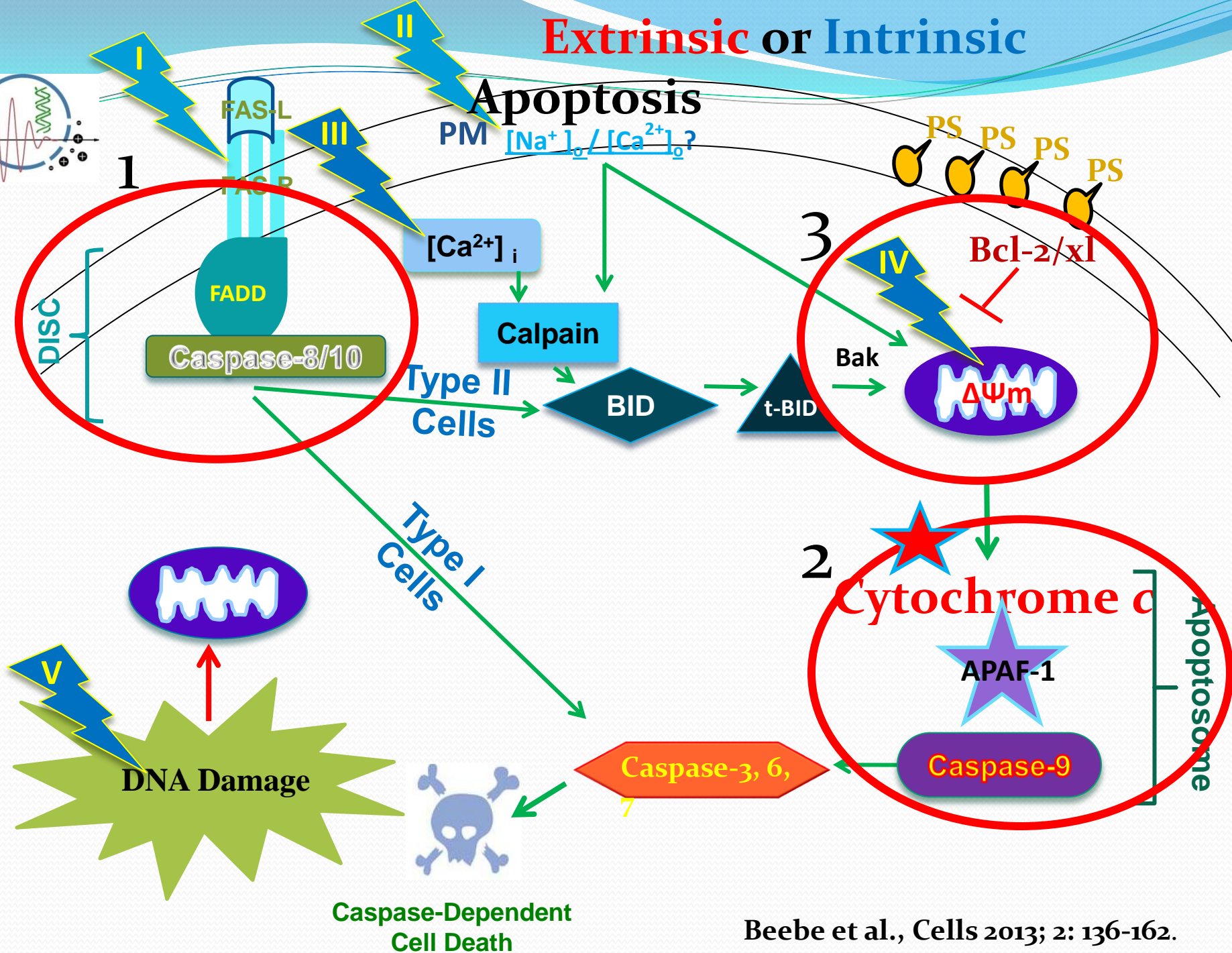
Extrinsic or Intrinsic

Apoptosis



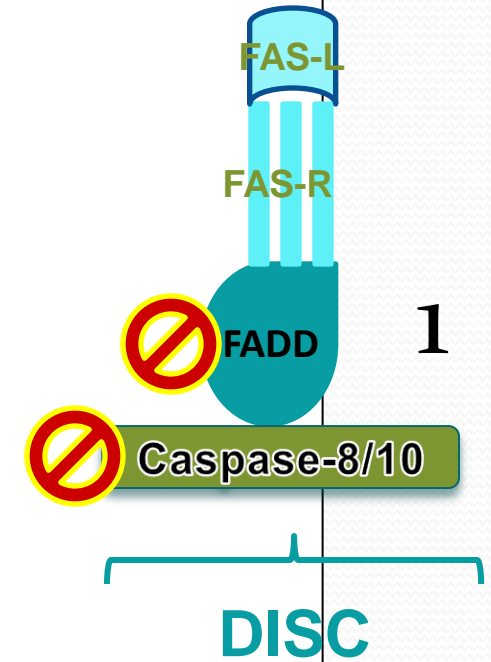
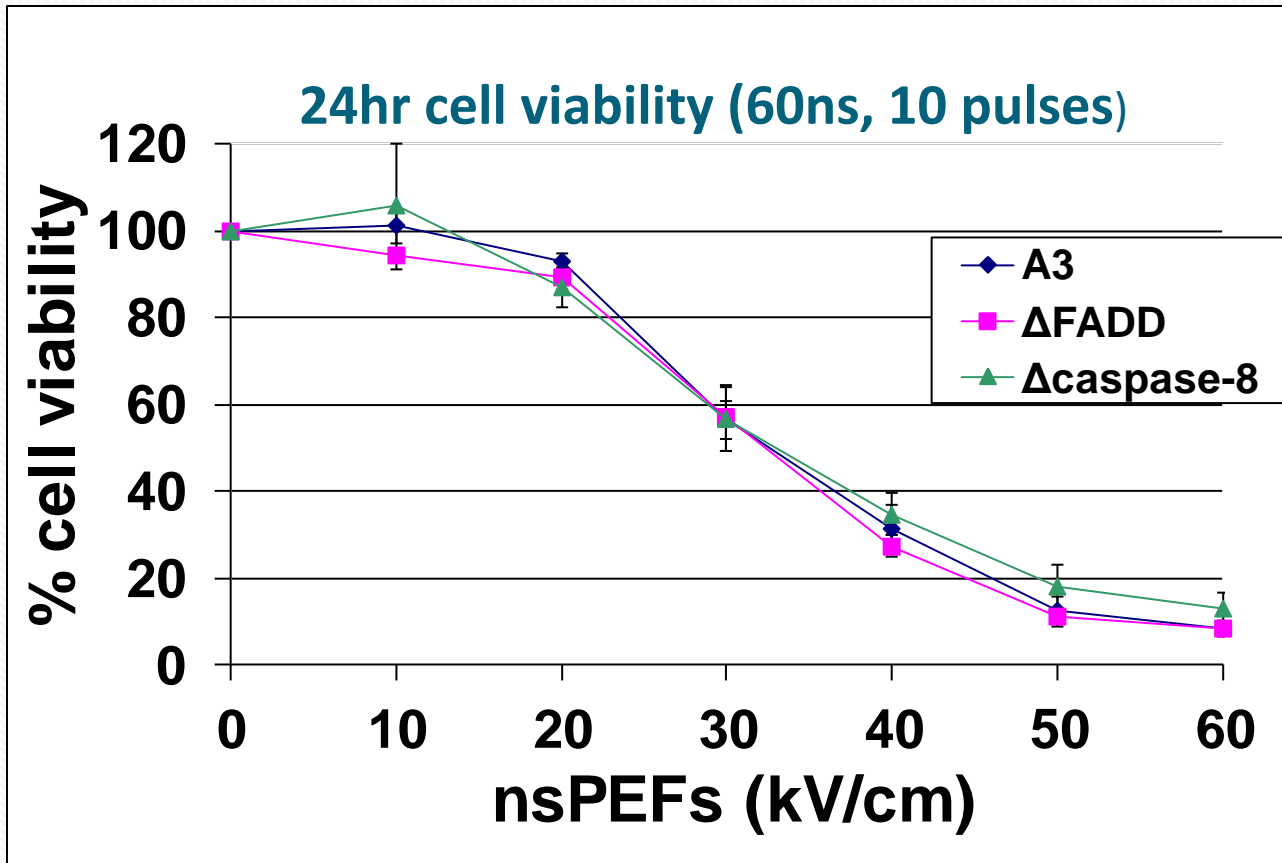
Extrinsic or Intrinsic

Apoptosis



Caspase-Dependent Cell Death

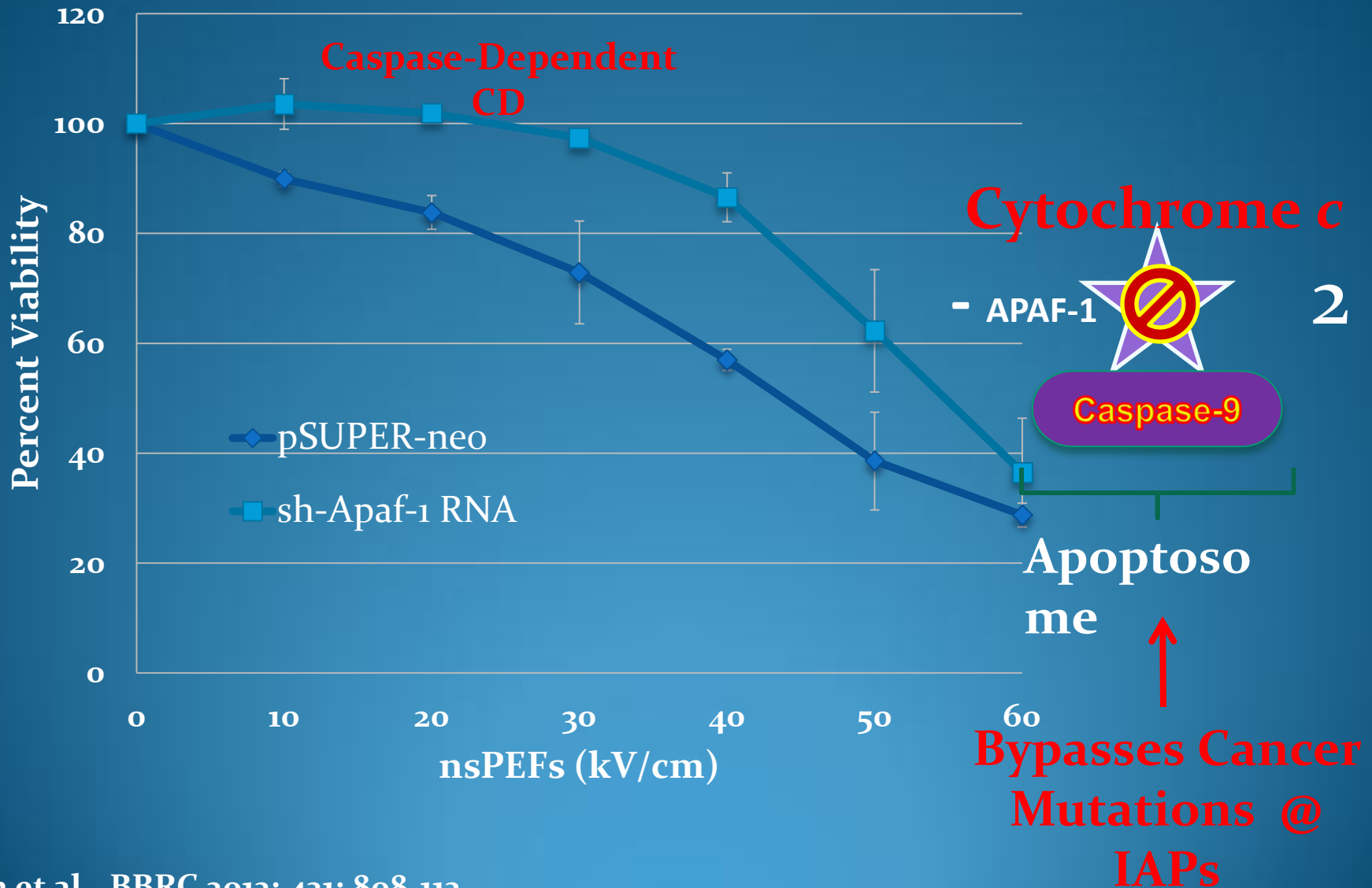
nsPEF-Induced Cell Death Does Not Require The DISC (Δ Caspase-8 / Δ FADD)

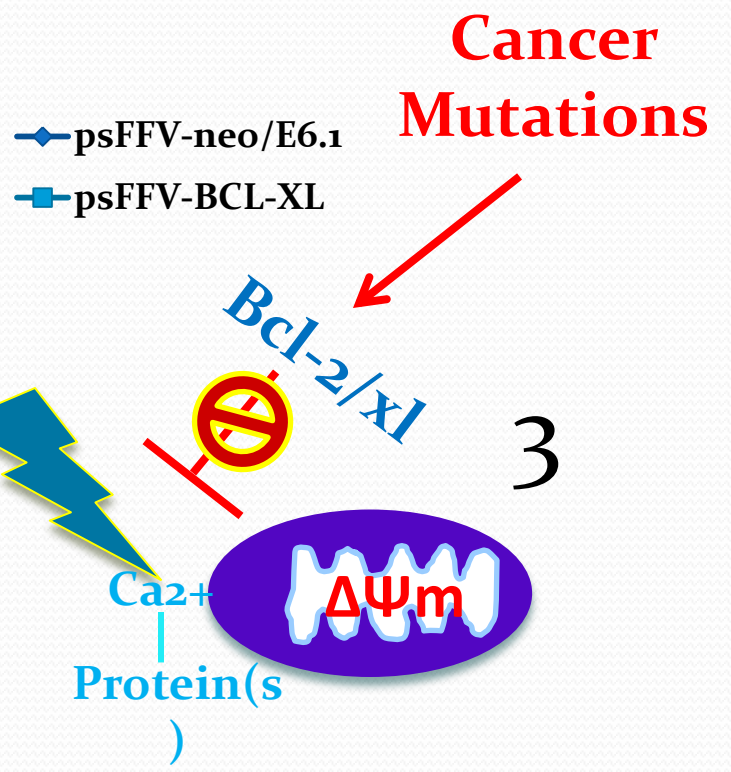
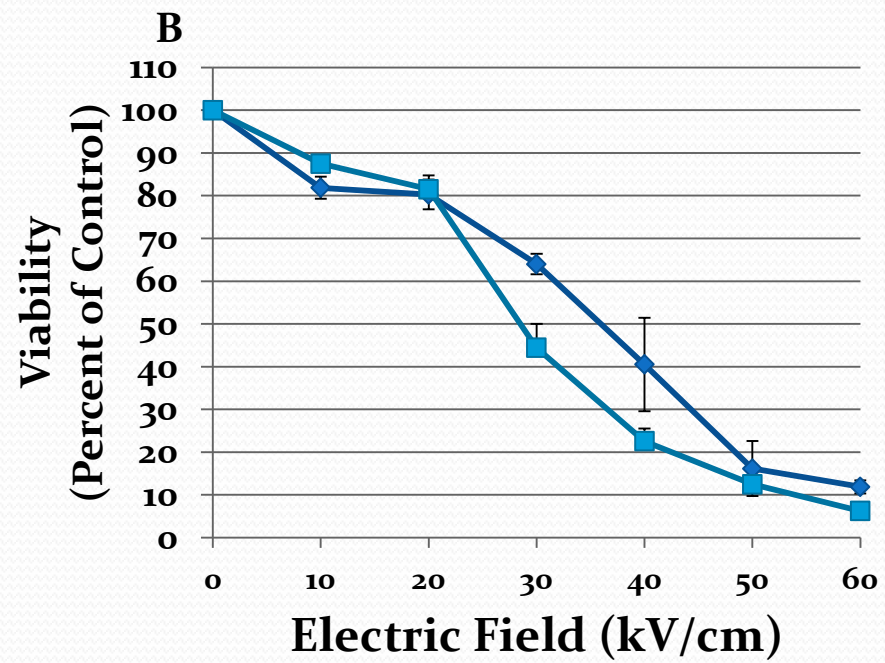
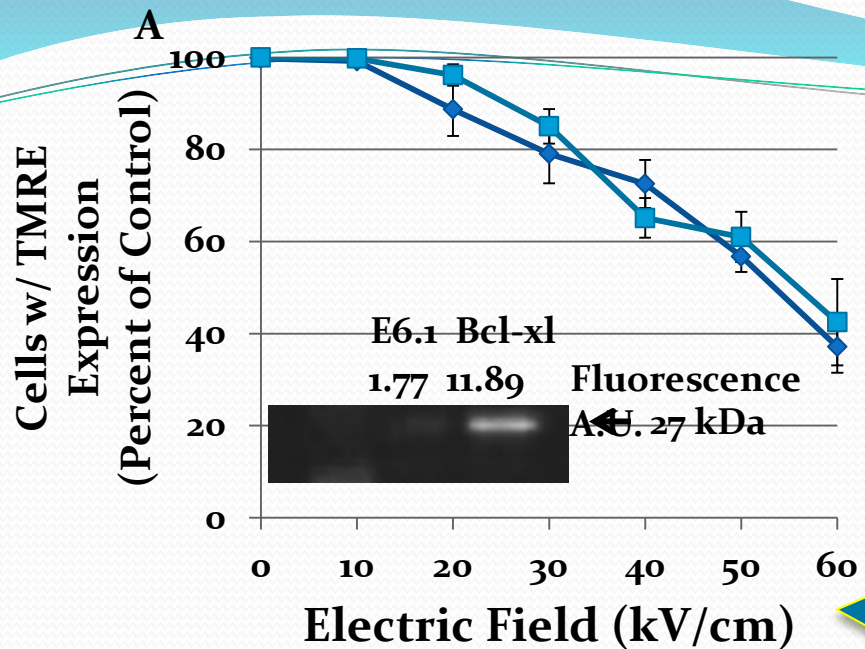


Bypasses
Cancer
Mutations @
Death



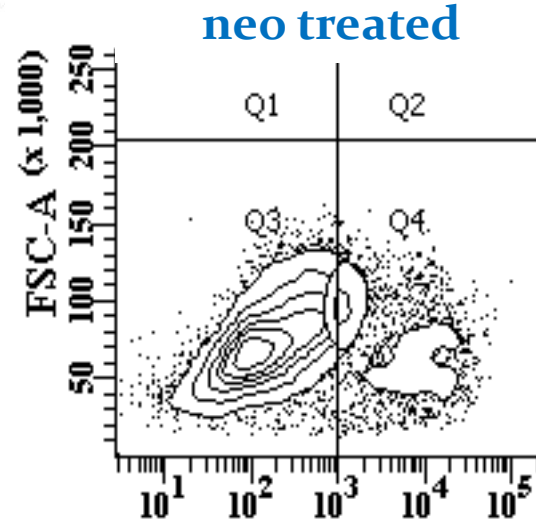
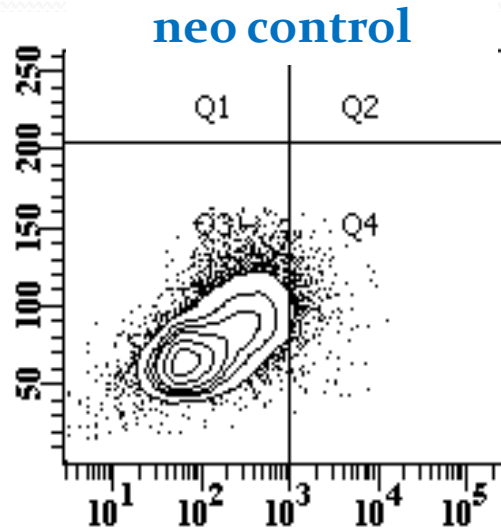
APAF-1 Deficient Jurkat Cells Require Higher Electric Fields to Induce Cell Death



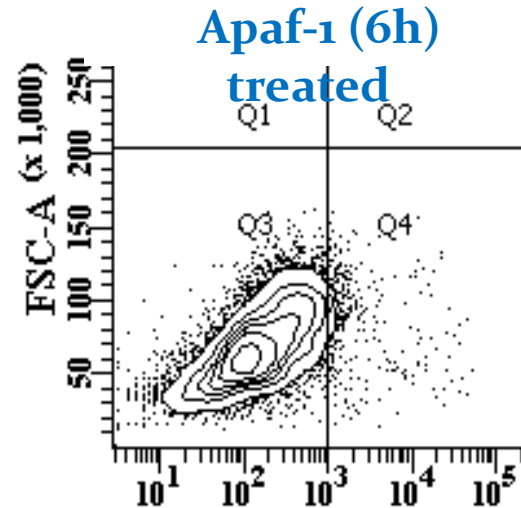
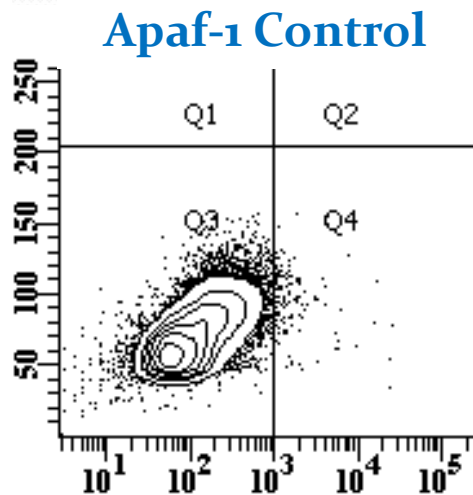


nsPEF-induced DNA Damage is Caspase-dependent

Forward Light Scatter

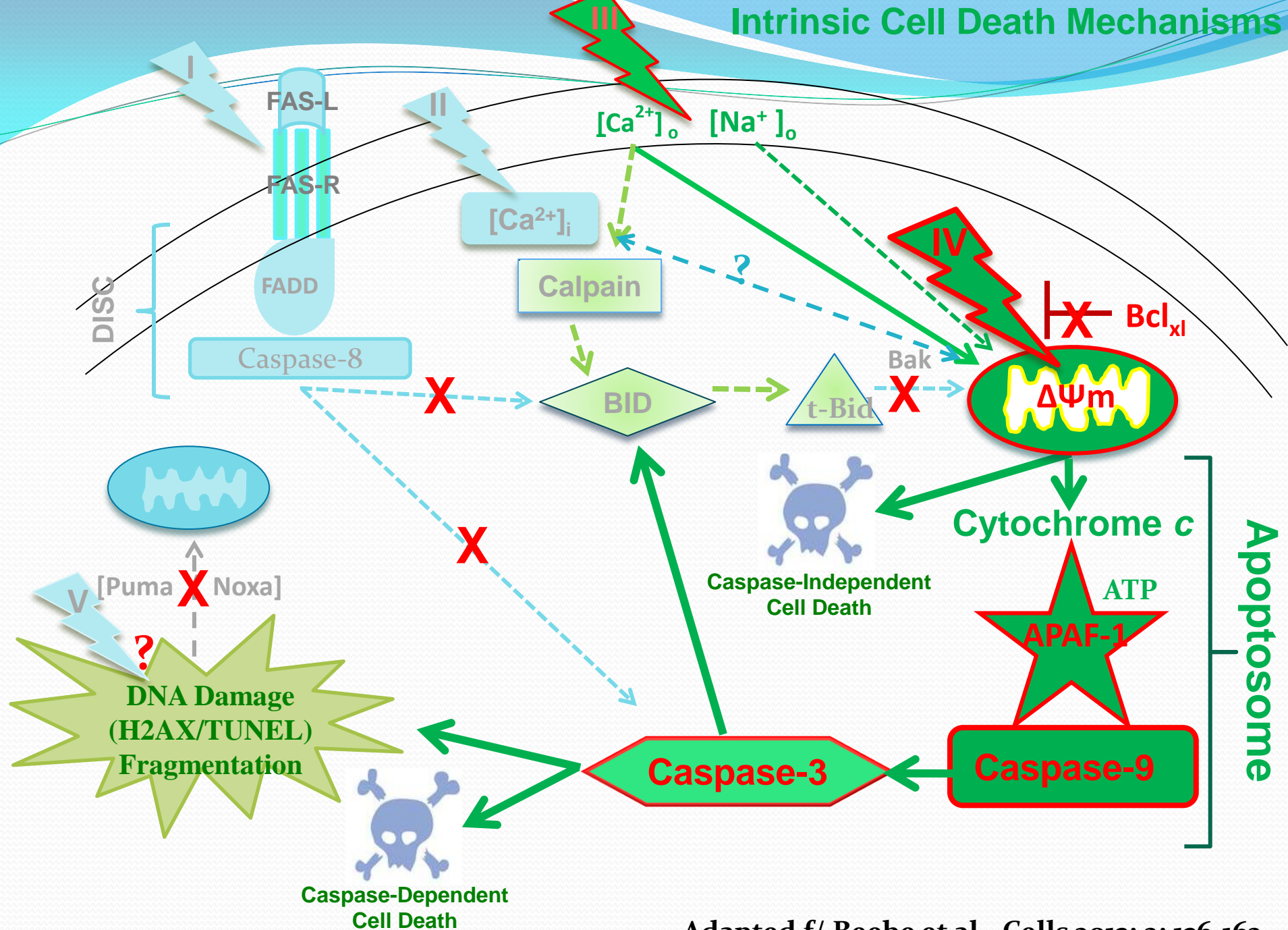


Histone 2AX Phosphorylation



Histone 2AX Phosphorylation

Intrinsic Cell Death Mechanisms



Adapted f/ Beebe et al., Cells 2013; 2: 136-162.

In Vitro Summary and Conclusions

Pulse Shape is a Determinant of Effects on $\Delta\Psi_m$ and Viability

NsPEF-induced Decrease in $\Delta\Psi_m$ is Ca^{2+} Dependent

Influx of Ca^{2+} Necessary, but not Sufficient, for Drop in $\Delta\Psi_m$ and CD

Primary Decrease in $\Delta\Psi_m$ is Not Due to Poration of IMM

Decrease in $\Delta\Psi_m$ May be Due to Effects on Protein(s)

nsPEF-induced DNA Damage is Caspase-Dependent

nsPEF Bypass Cancer Mutations @ DR, Caspases and Mitochondria

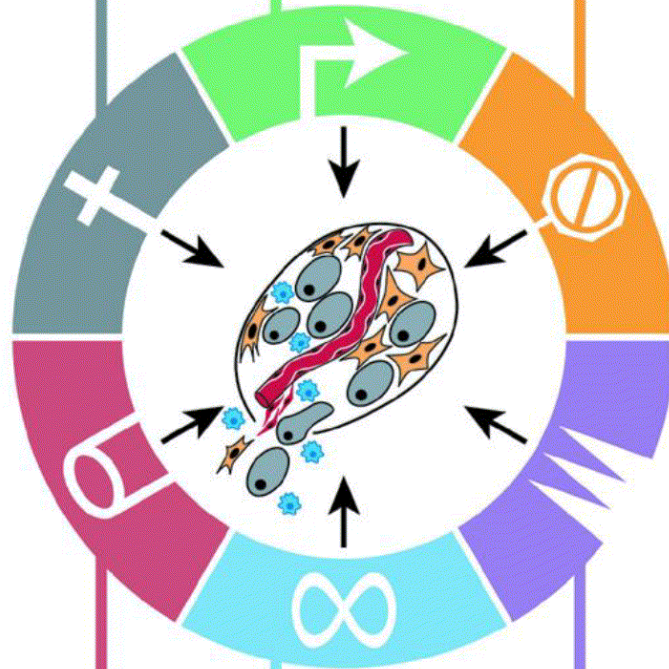
Hallmarks of Cancer

Self-sufficiency in growth signals



Evading apoptosis

Insensitivity to anti-growth signals



Cancer Diagnosis and Treatment

Rate Limiting-Stochastic Events

Evasion of Immune



Sustained angiogenesis

Tissue invasion & metastasis

Limitless replicative potential

Hanahan and Weinberg Cell 2000; 100: 57-70
Cell. 2011; 144: 646-674.

Cancer Genome Landscapes



A Concept for Cancer

Not an Invading Army – Cancer Comes from Within Us

A Criminal Gang

Cancer

Within the local community

Microenvironment

Coerces the local population
cells

Supporting host

Uses their resources

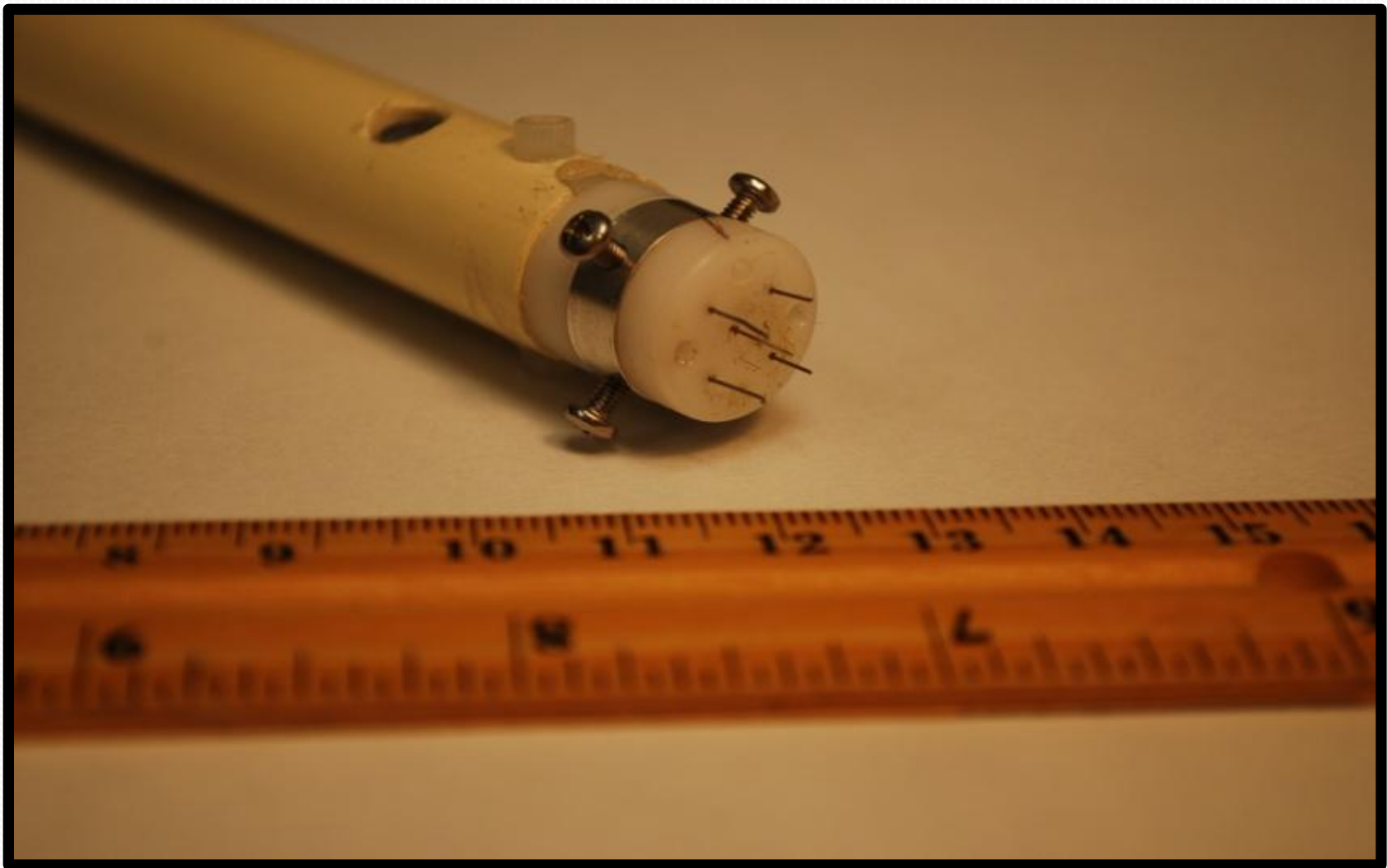
Growth, vascularization

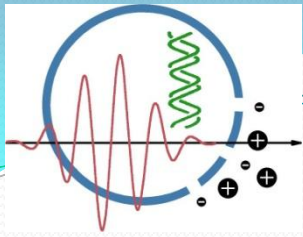
Thwart the authorities
surveillance

Evades immune



Electrode Design: 5 Needle Array





NsPEF Ablation of Rat N₁S₁ Orthotopic HCC

Conditions:

Pulse Duration: 100 ns

Electric Field: 50 kV/cm

Pulse Number: 100, 300, 500 or

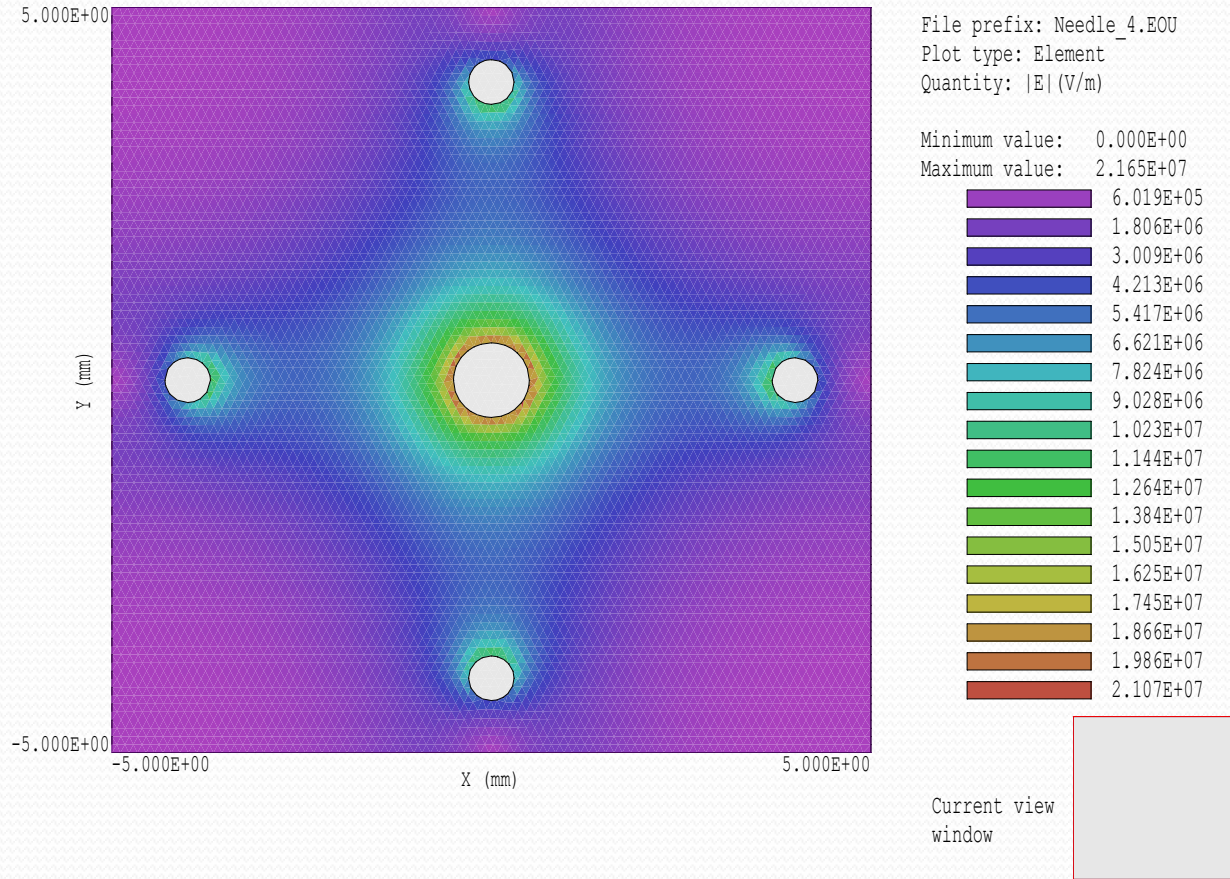
1000

Treatments: 1

Electrodes: 5 Needle Array

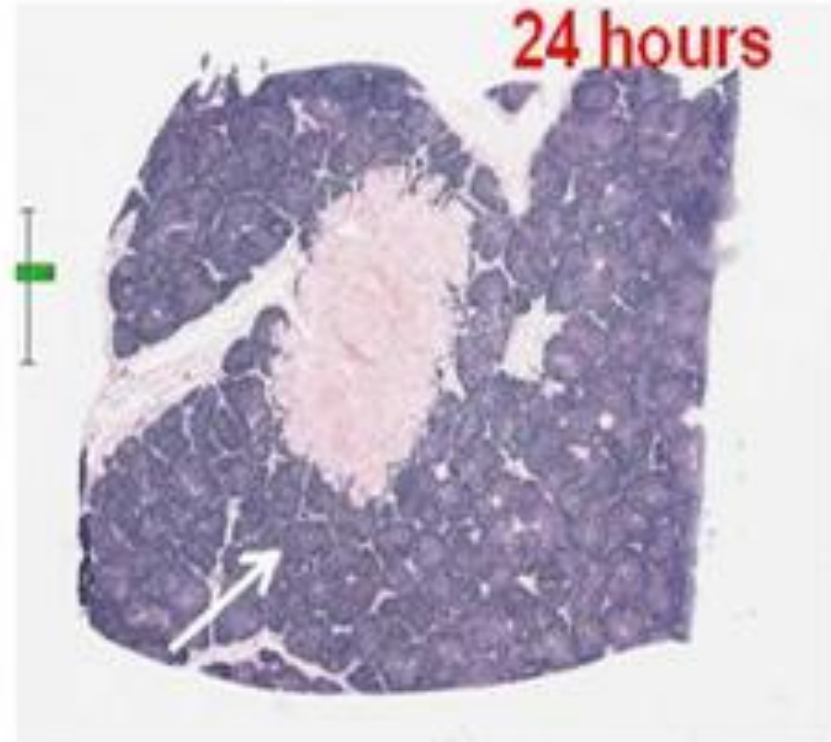
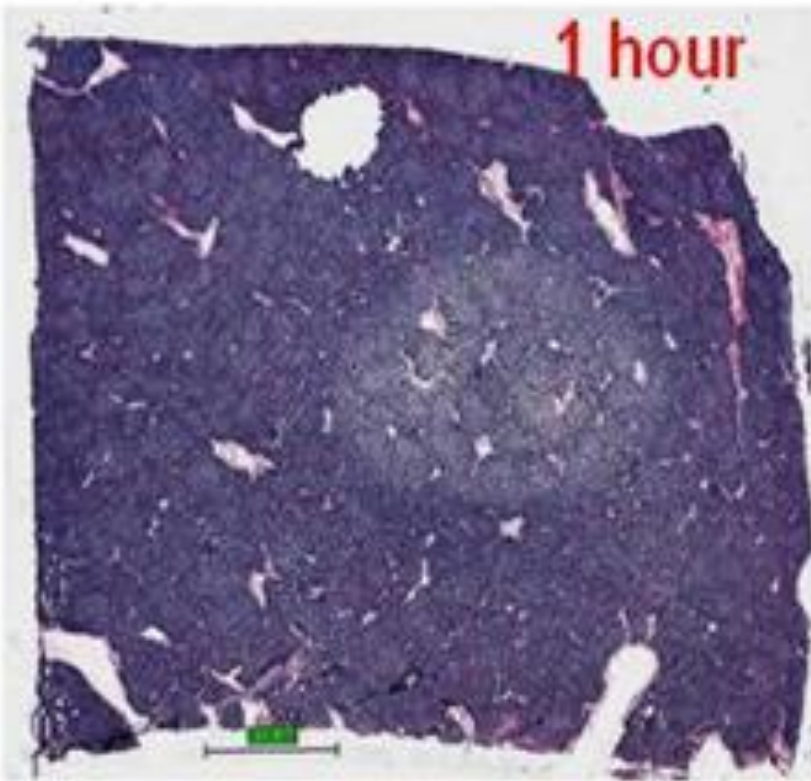
Electric Field Simulation

5 Needle Array



Histopathological Analysis of Porcine Liver

30 pulses, 100ns and 10-12kV/cm

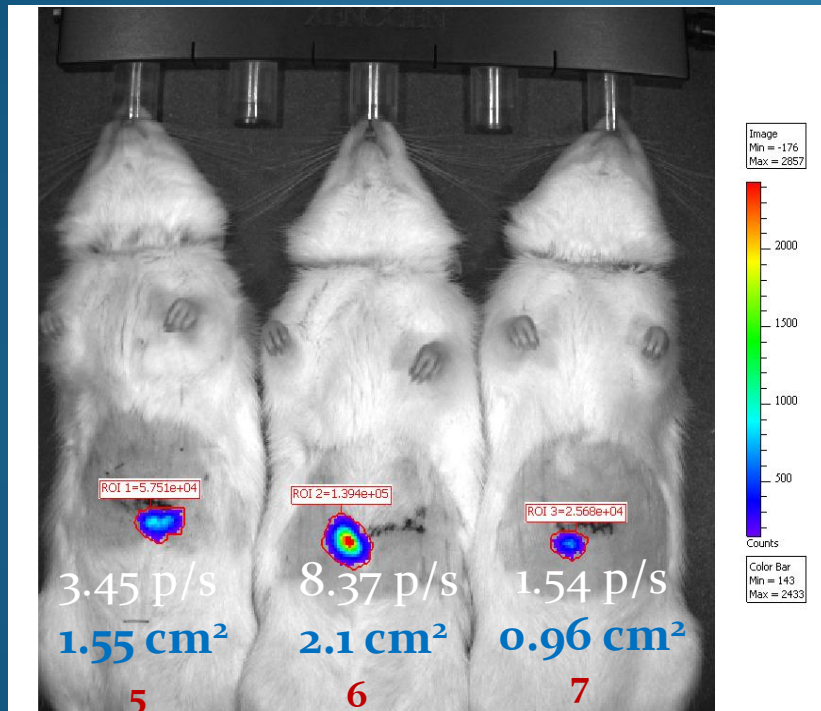


NADH activity using Nitro Blue Tetrazolium
Viable: Purple Non-viable: Pink

Luminescence of N1S1/Luciferase Cells in Rat Liver

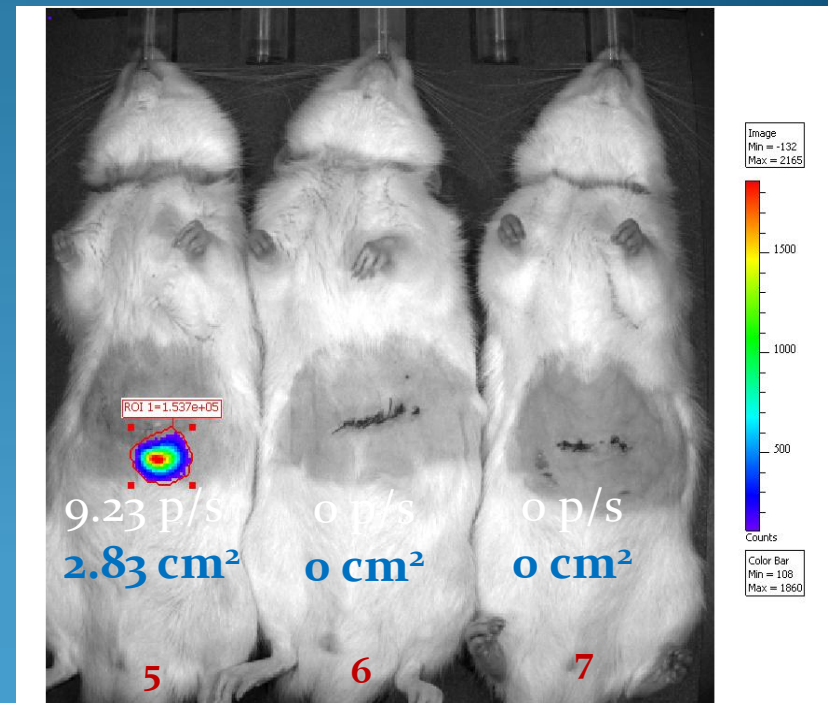
Before and After Treatment with 100 ns, 50 kV/cm

Day -1



100p 300p 1000p

Day +6

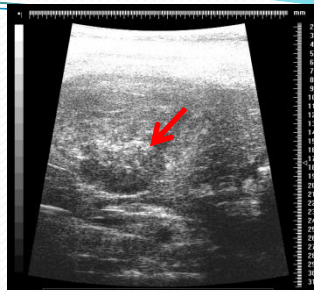
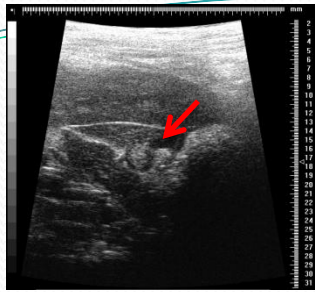


100p 300p 1000p

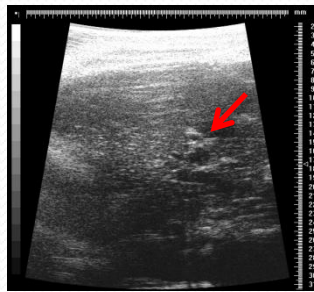
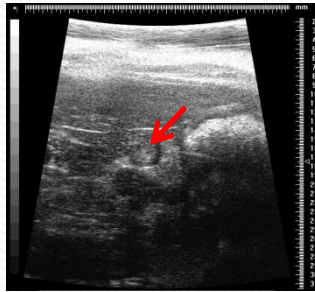
Sain NM and Beebe SJ,

11/1/11

Orthotopic Rat N1S1 HCC



Sham

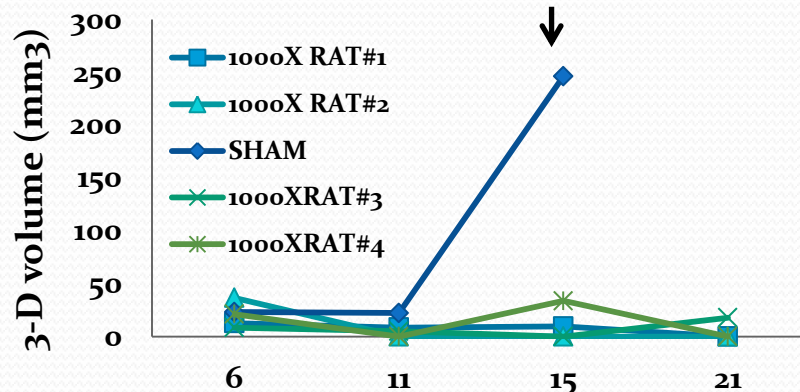


1000X

Day 6

Day 15

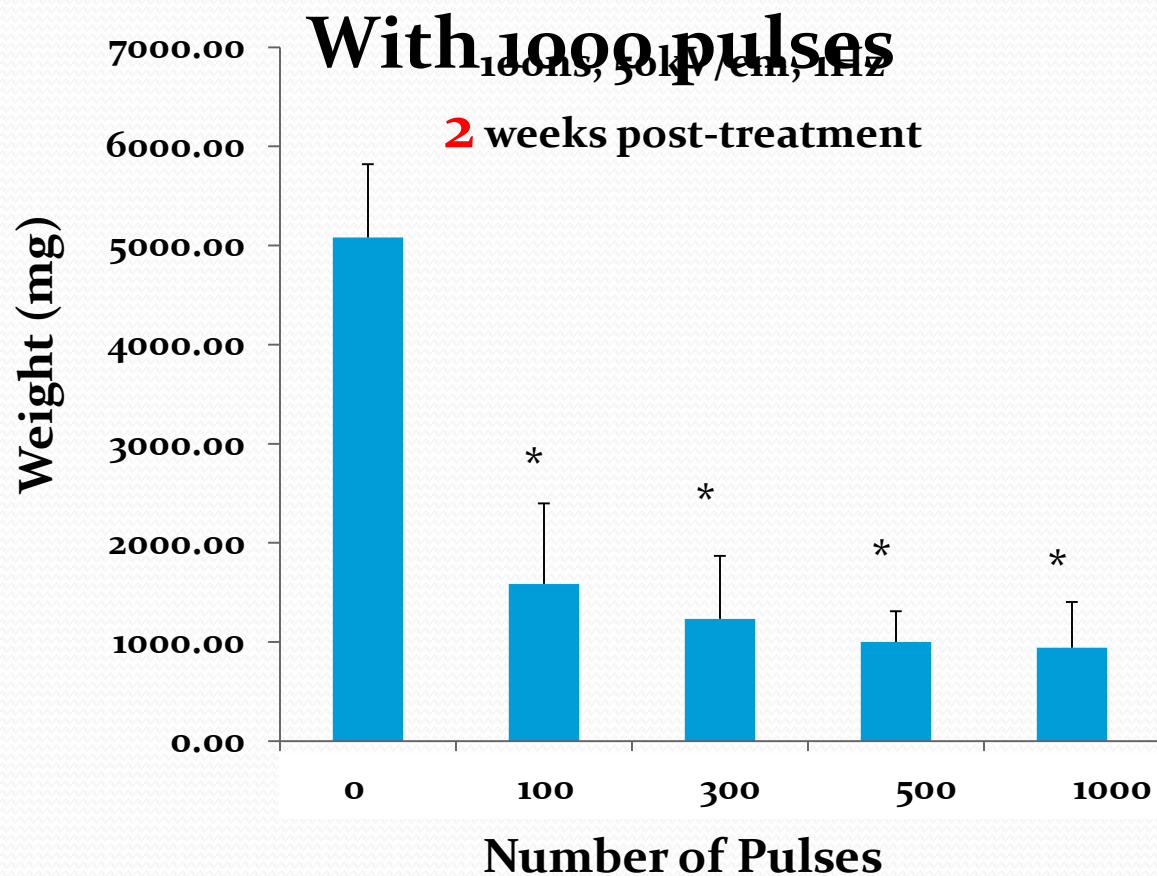
N1-S1 Tumor volume



Days after N1-S1 injection

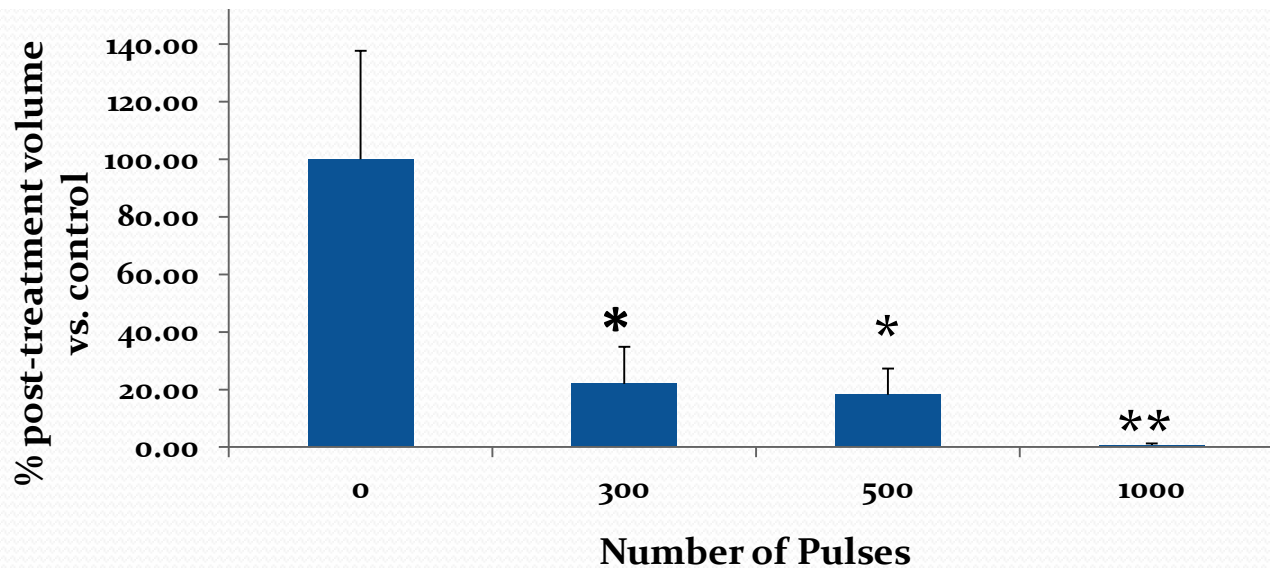


NsPEFs Eliminate Orthotopic Rat N1-S1 HCC Tumors



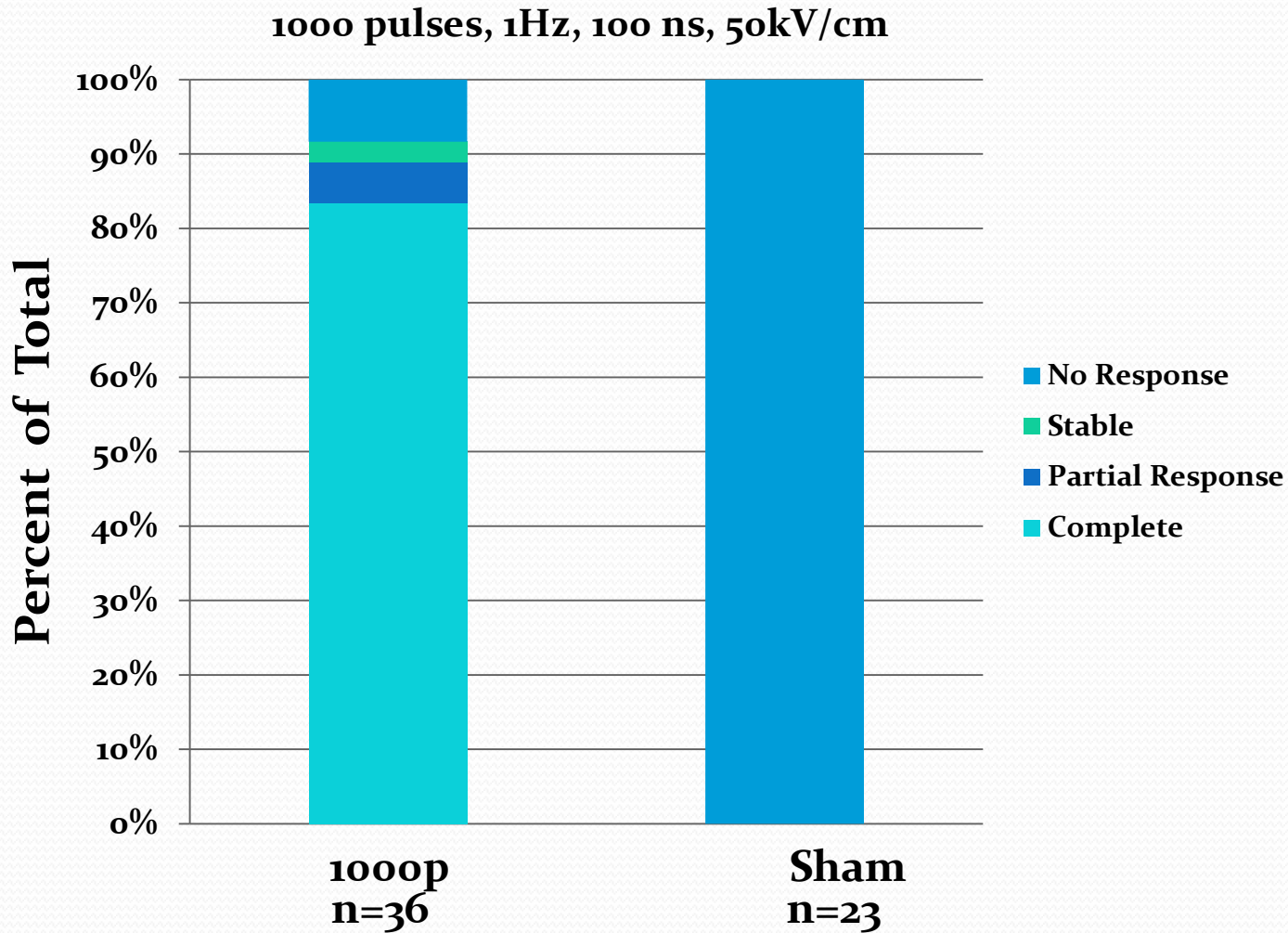
Orthotopic Rat N1S1 Hepatocellular Carcinoma Treated with nsPEFs [100 ns, 50 kV/cm, 1 Hz]

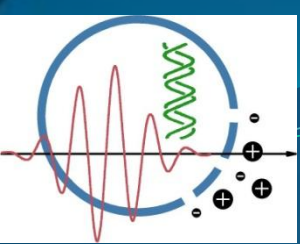
Tumor Volumes 6 Weeks Post-Treatment Percent Change vs. Sham Treatment



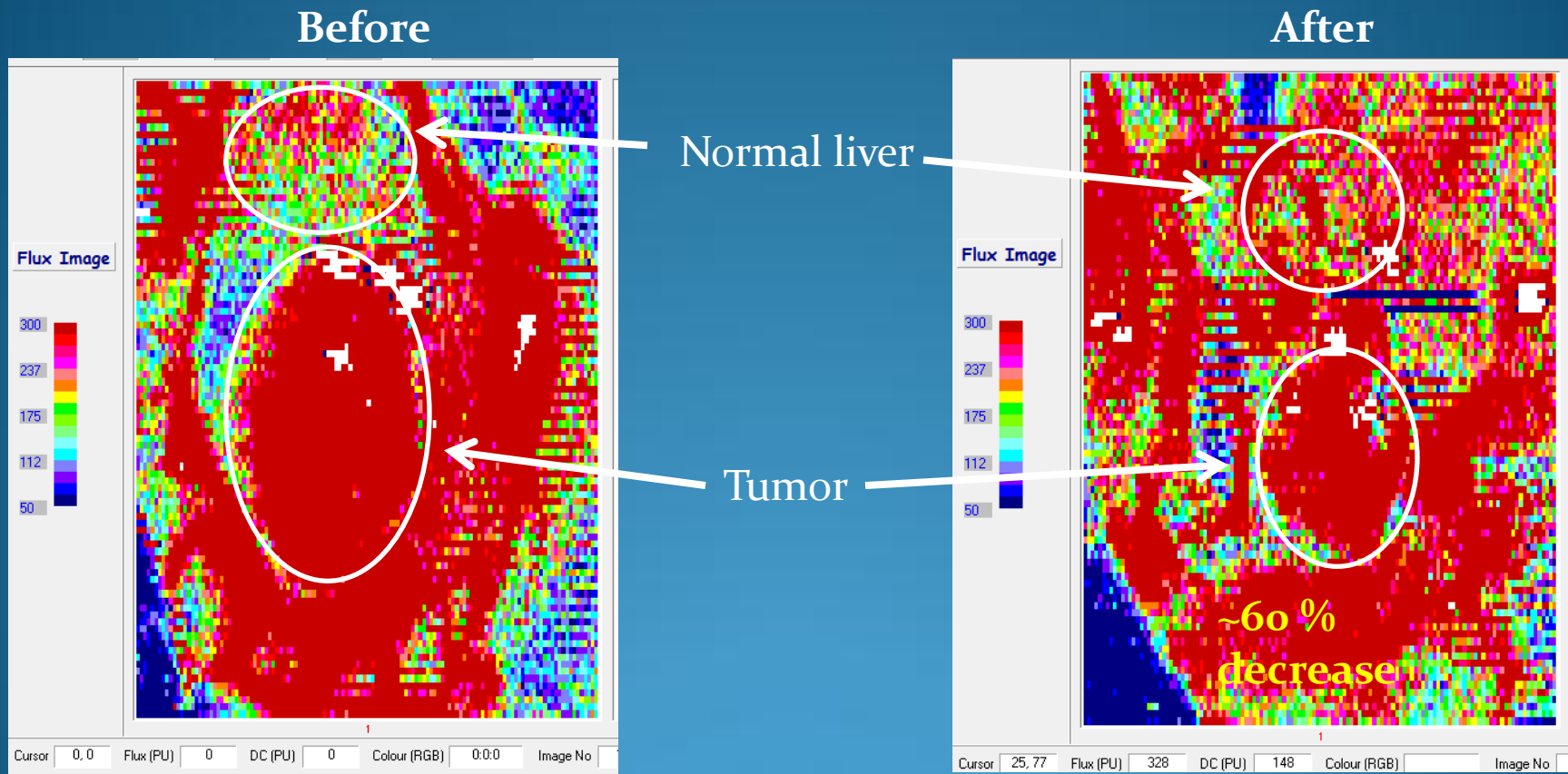


NsPEFs Eliminate 80-90% of Rat N₁-S₁ HCC Tumors





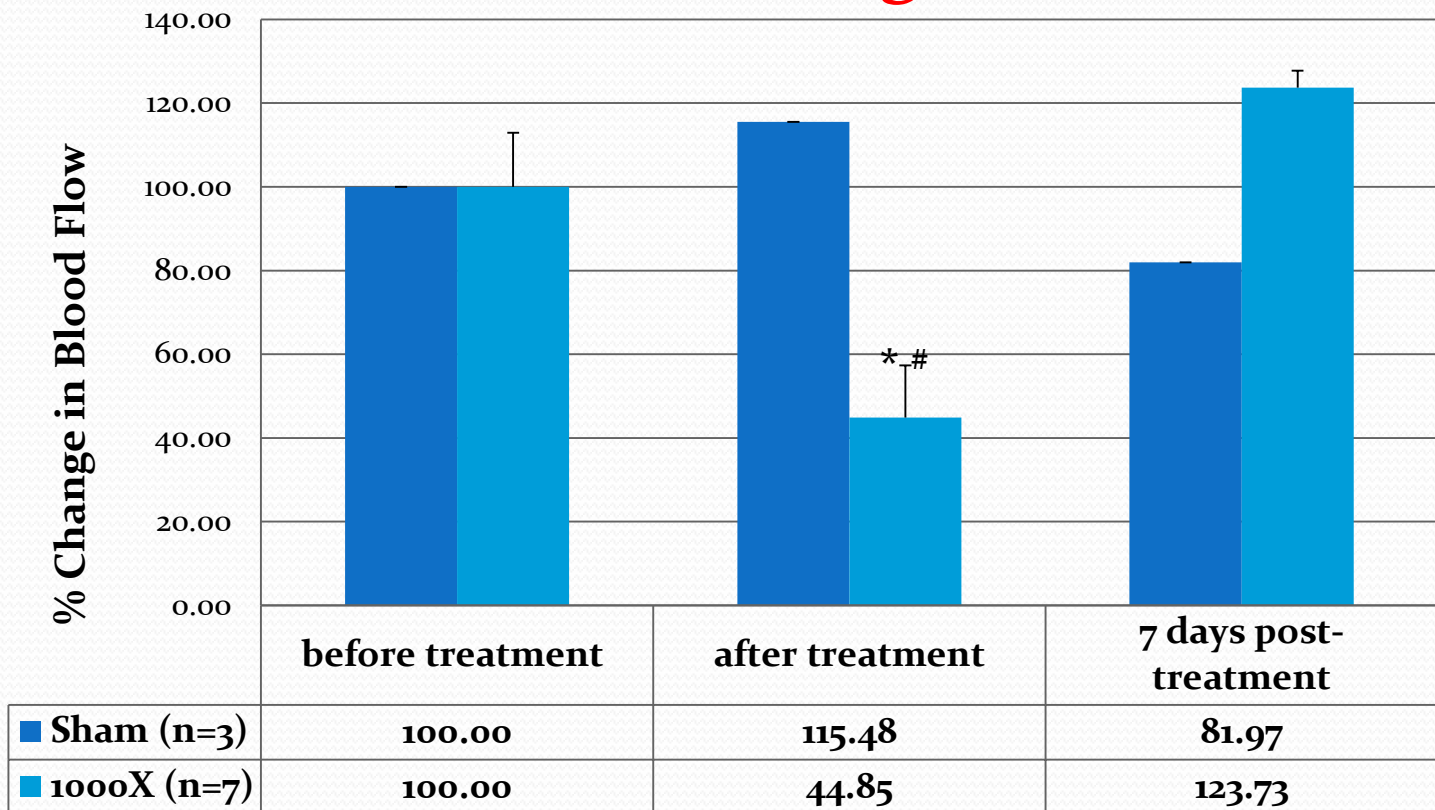
nsPEFs Decrease Blood Flow – Laser Doppler



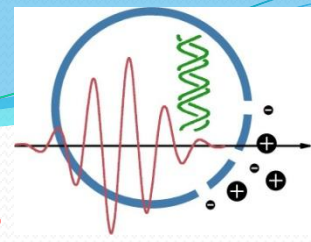
Before Treatment

After Treatment
1000p x 100ns x 50kV/cm

Transient, Tumor-Specific Blood Flow Change



Intrinsic Caspase Activation in N1S1 Tumors



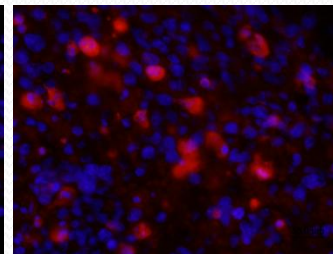
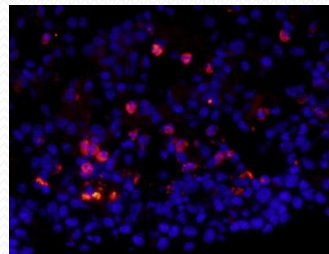
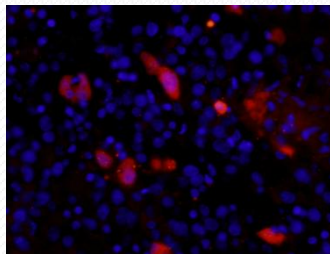
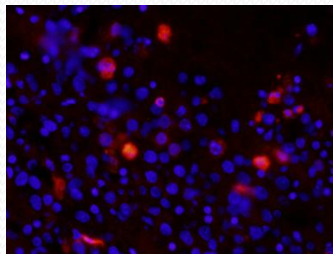
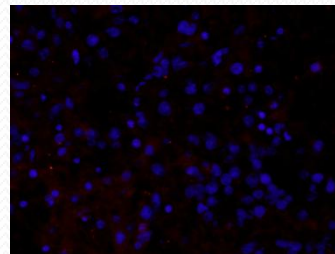
Sham 6h

1000X 1h

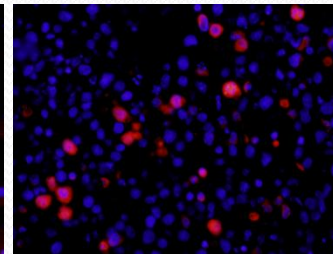
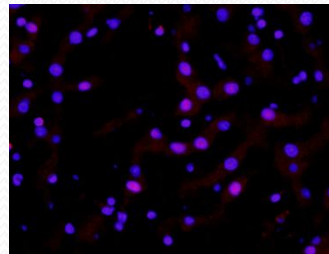
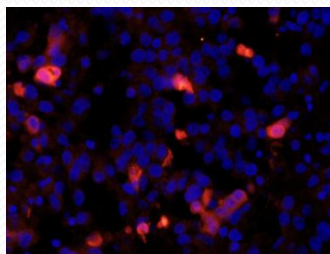
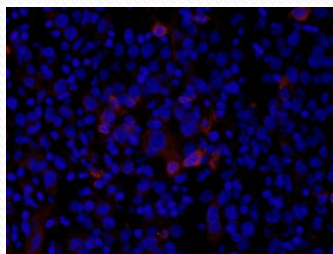
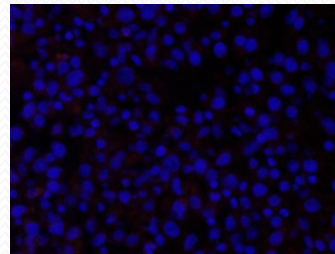
1000X 2h

1000X 4h

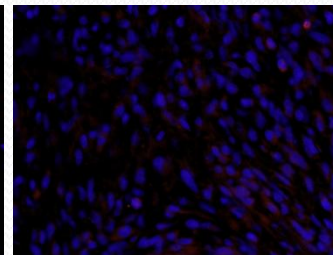
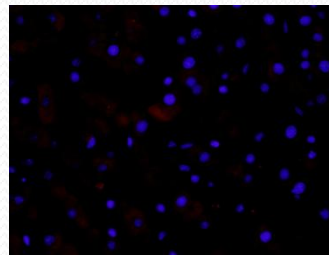
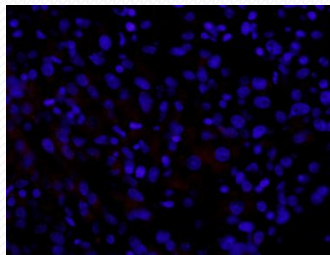
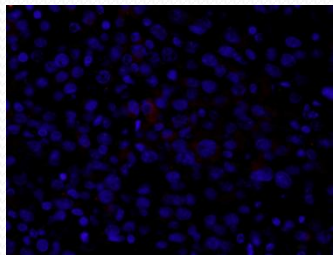
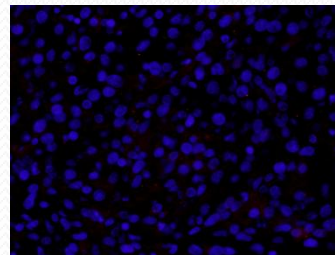
1000X 6h



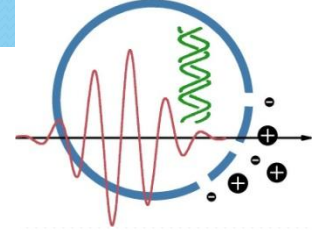
Caspase-3
(Cleaved)



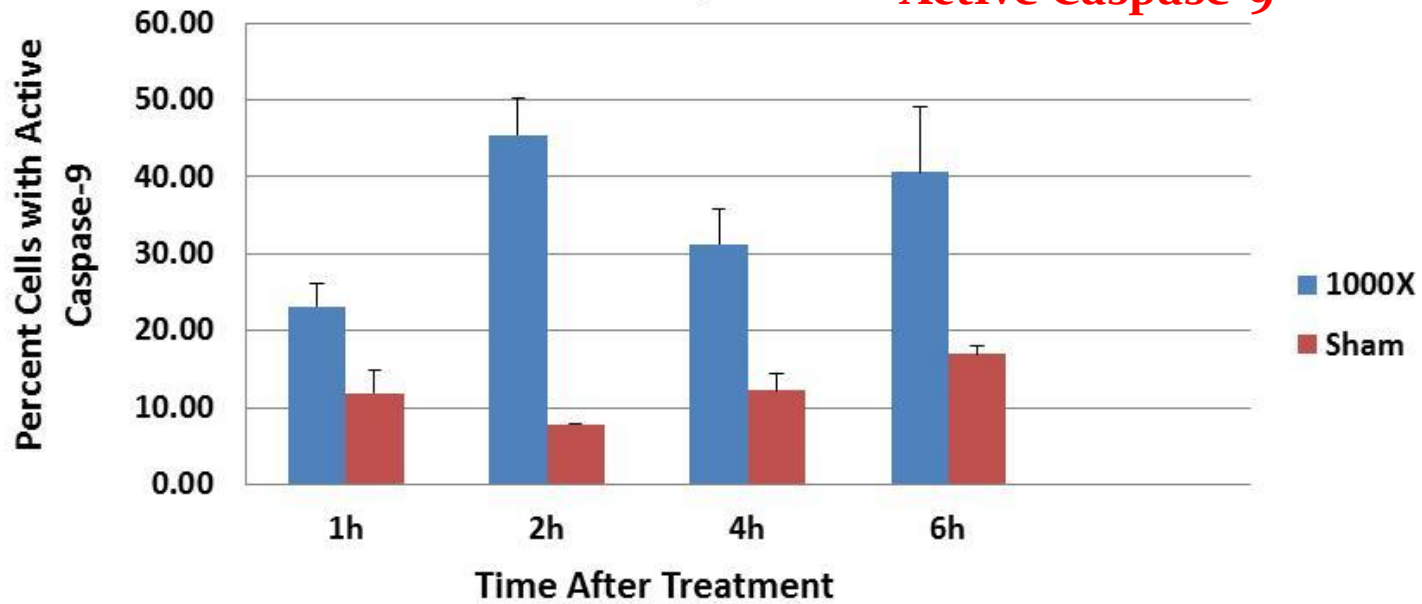
Caspase-9
(Cleaved)



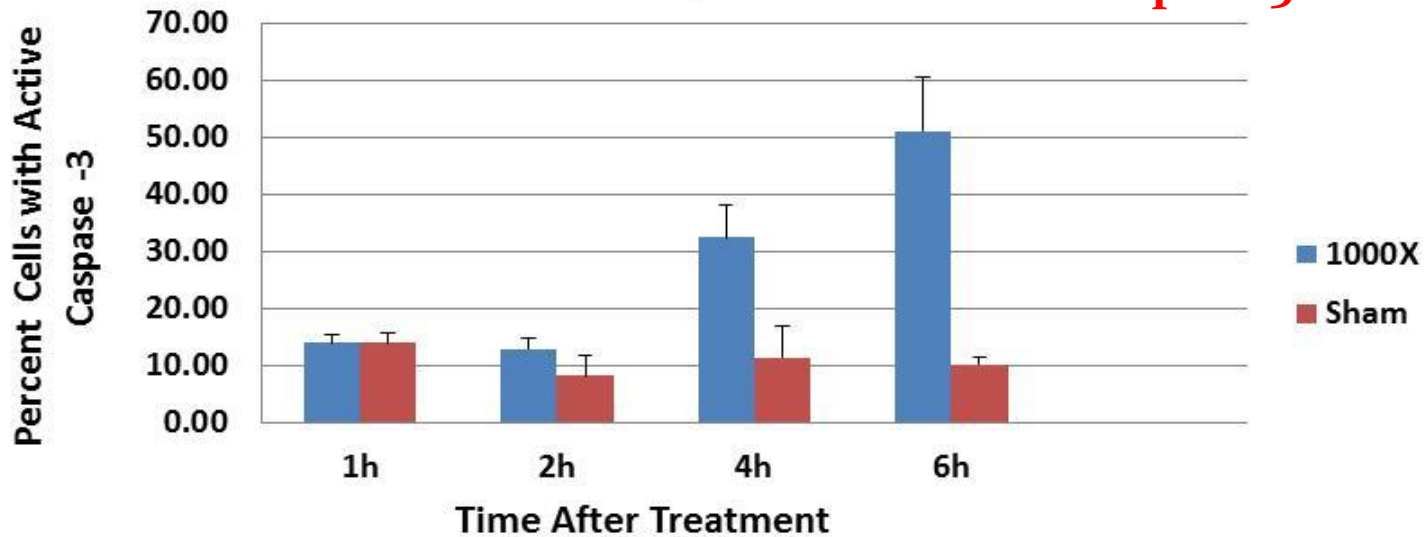
Caspase-8
(Cleaved)



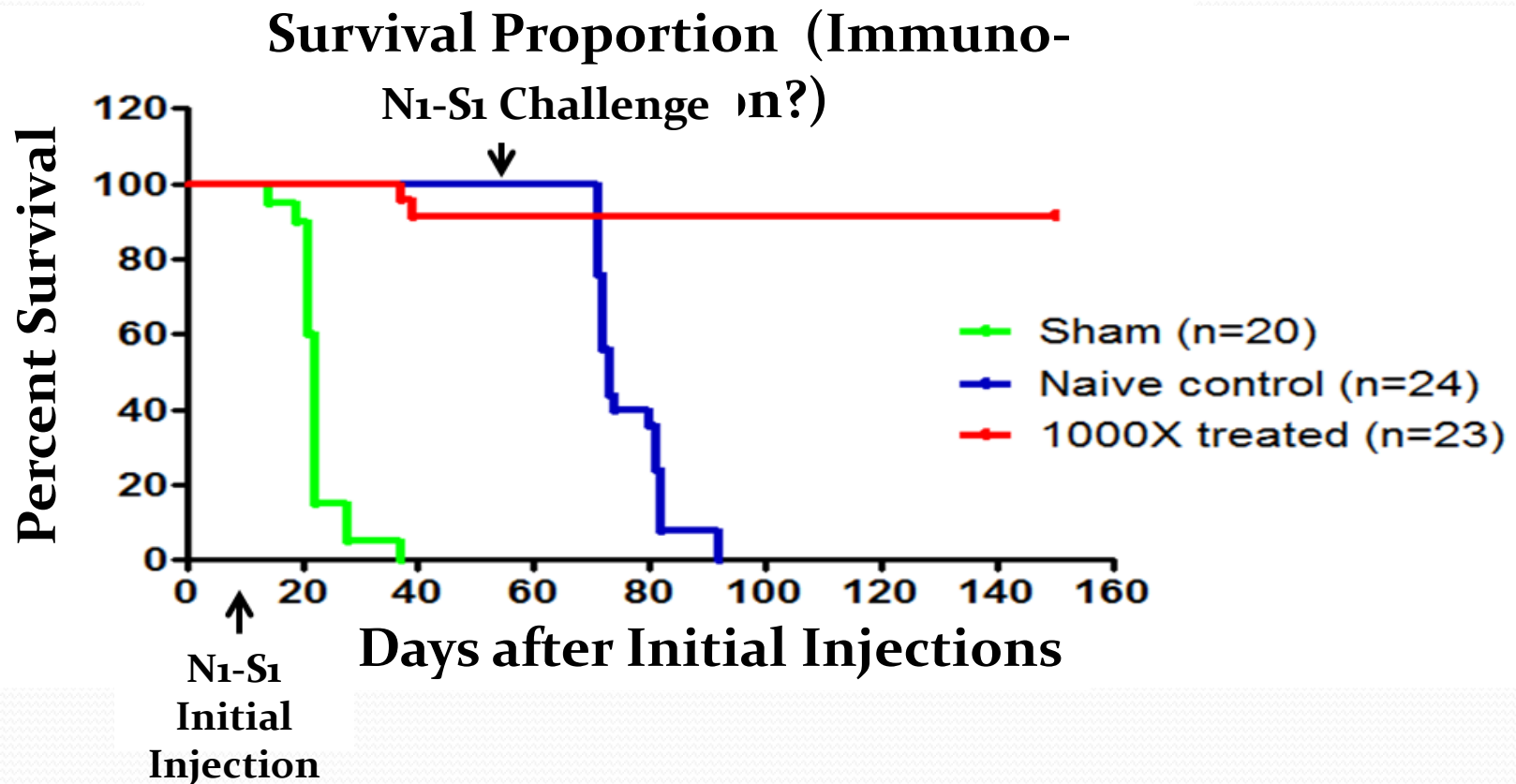
Active Caspase-9

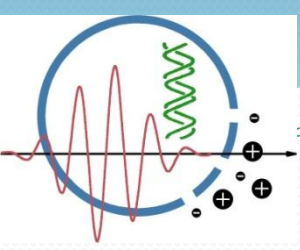


Active Caspase-3



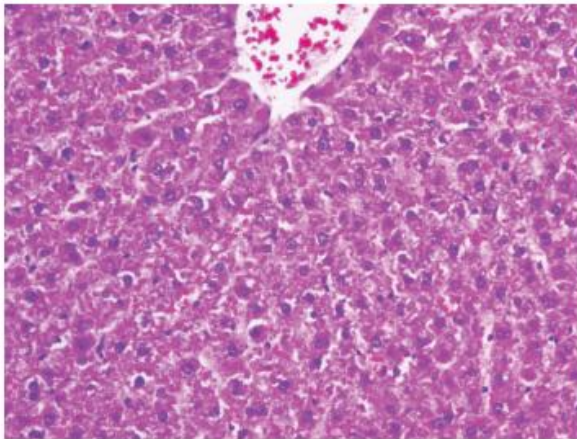
NsPEF Ablation Induces a Vaccine-Like Protective Effects Against N₁-S₁ HCC



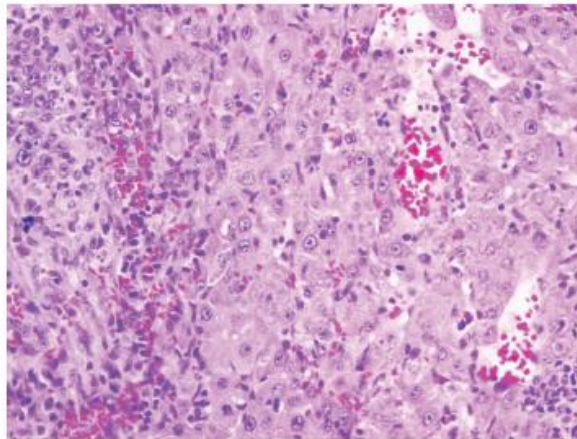


NsPEFs Induce a Primary Immune Response in N₁S₁ HCC Tumors 14 Days after Treatment

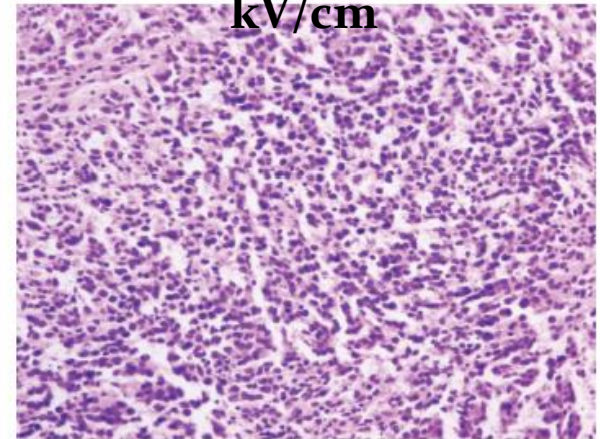
Normal Liver



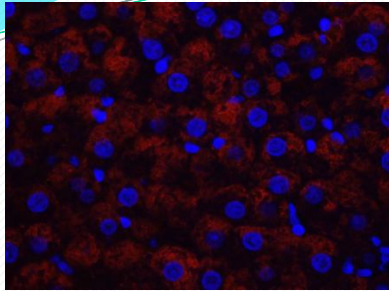
Sham



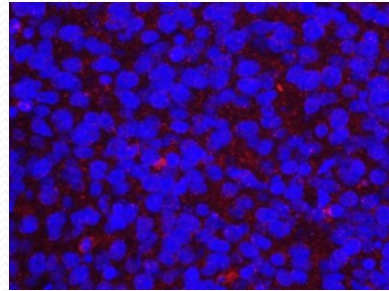
1000 X 100 ns X 50
kV/cm



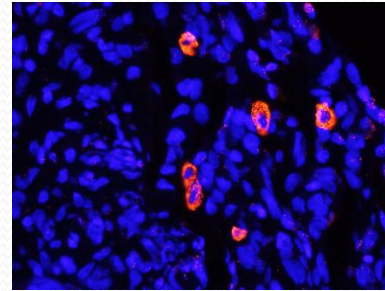
Granzyme B



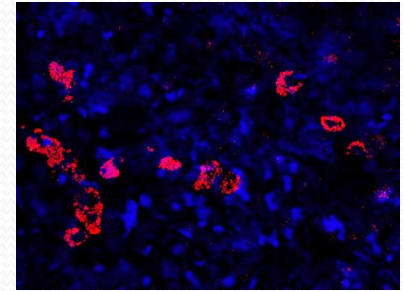
Normal Liver



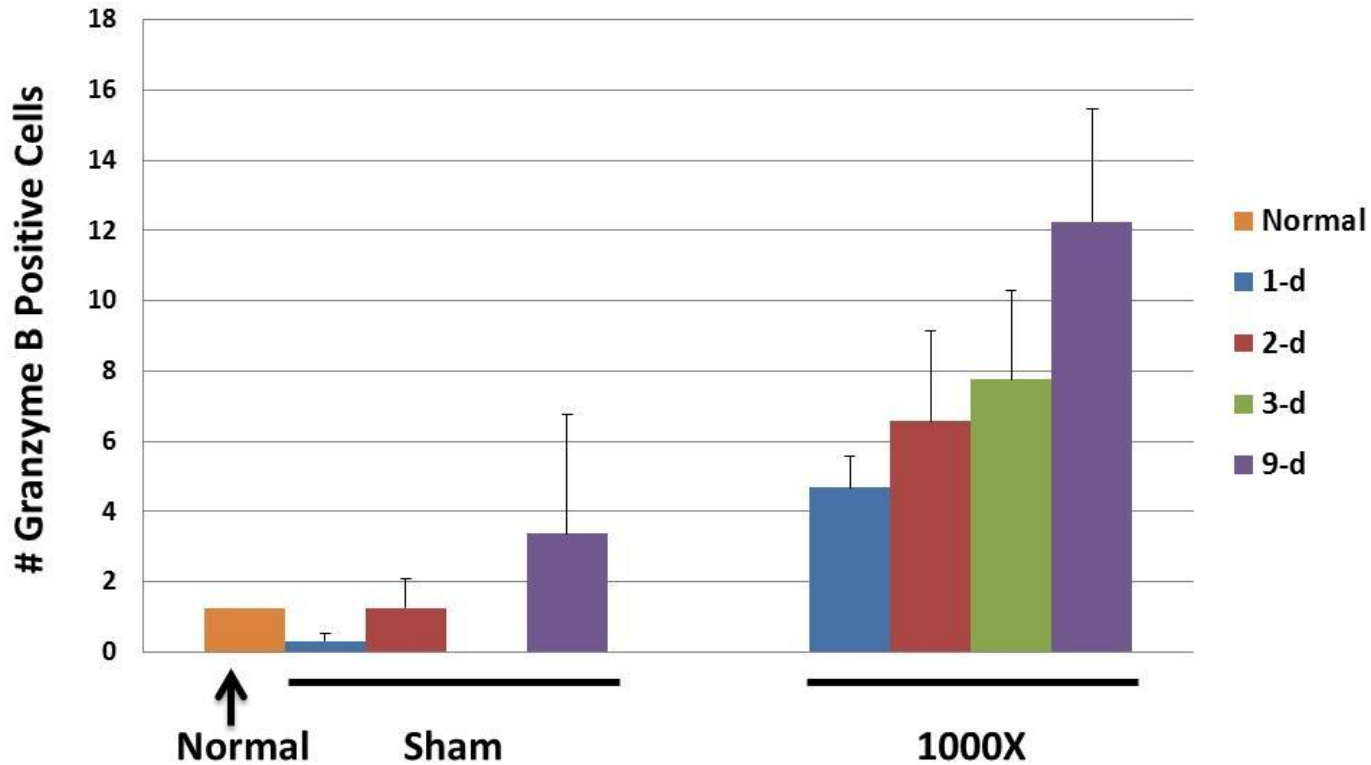
Sham, 1d

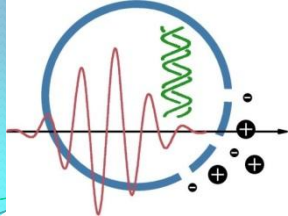


1000ps, 3d



1000ps, 9d





Pulse Power with nsPEFs Ablates 80-90% of N1-S1 HCC Tumors

**Ablation with 1 Treatment without Recurrence
Induces Caspase-Dependent and -Independent Cell
Death**

**Induces Transient Decrease in Tumor Blood Flow
Provides a Post-Ablation Protective Vaccine-Like Effect
Activates Innate and/or Adaptive Immune Responses**

Advantages with nsPEFs

1. **Targets multiple cell death mechanisms**
2. **Well defined treatment zones**
3. **Targets mitochondria and PMs – bypasses cancer mutations**
4. **Broad cell death specificity (tumor & host cells, cancer stem cells)**
5. **Local infarction of small vessels**
6. **Minimal local and systemic side effects**
7. **Possibly enhances immune surveillance**
8. **No need to block muscle contractions**

Acknowledgments

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Dr. Ru Chen

In Vivo

Dr. Wei Ren

In Vitro

Ms Nova M Sain

In Vitro and In Vivo

Ms K. Tyler Harlow

In Vitro and In Vivo

Peter Shires and Richard Heller

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Journal of Molecular and Genetic Medicine

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