


 **Research Field** : Molecular Pathophysiology
Cancer Biology, Angiogenic Diseases

 **Present** - Dean, Professor, KNU, College of Pharmacy
- Chairperson, KSMCB (Korea Soc Mol & Cell Biol)
- Chairperson, VSMO (Vascular Sci Medi Org)
- PI, National Basic Research Lab
(Vascular Homeostasis Regulation)

 **Career**

- **Education** : Seoul National Univ. College of Pharmacy, Bachelor/ Master/ Ph.D
- **Meeting Society** KSP Pharm, KSMCB, AACR, KSBMB, etc
- **Research** : Tokyo Medical and Dental University, Harvard Medical School, Children's hospital, Research fellow, SNU Research professor
- **Services, etc** : KNU faculty meeting member, Women's Bioscience Forum chairperson nominated by Marquis Who's Who in the World (2009- present)

Tumor angiogenesis and its inhibitors

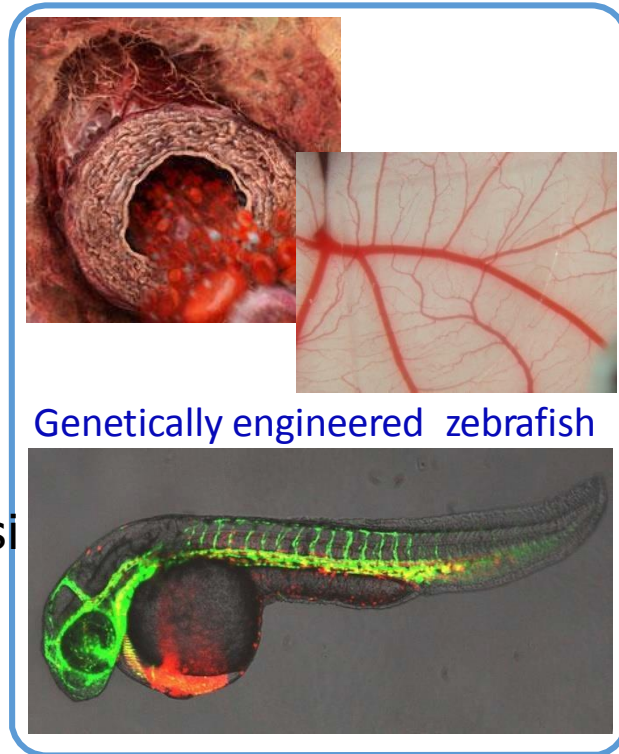
- Regulation mechanism of HIF
- Inhibition of HIF-mediated gene expression
- Development of novel angiogenic inhibitors

Epigenetic regulation in angiogenesis

- Epigenetic control of tumor suppressors
- Epigenetic modulators to restore the expression of tumor suppressor to inhibit angiogenesis

Endothelial progenitor cells (EPC)

- Differentiation of EPCs derived from bone marrow (BM) and cord blood
- Therapeutic approach to utilize EPCs in angiogenic diseases
- Inhibition of vasculogenic process from BM in tumor angiogenesis



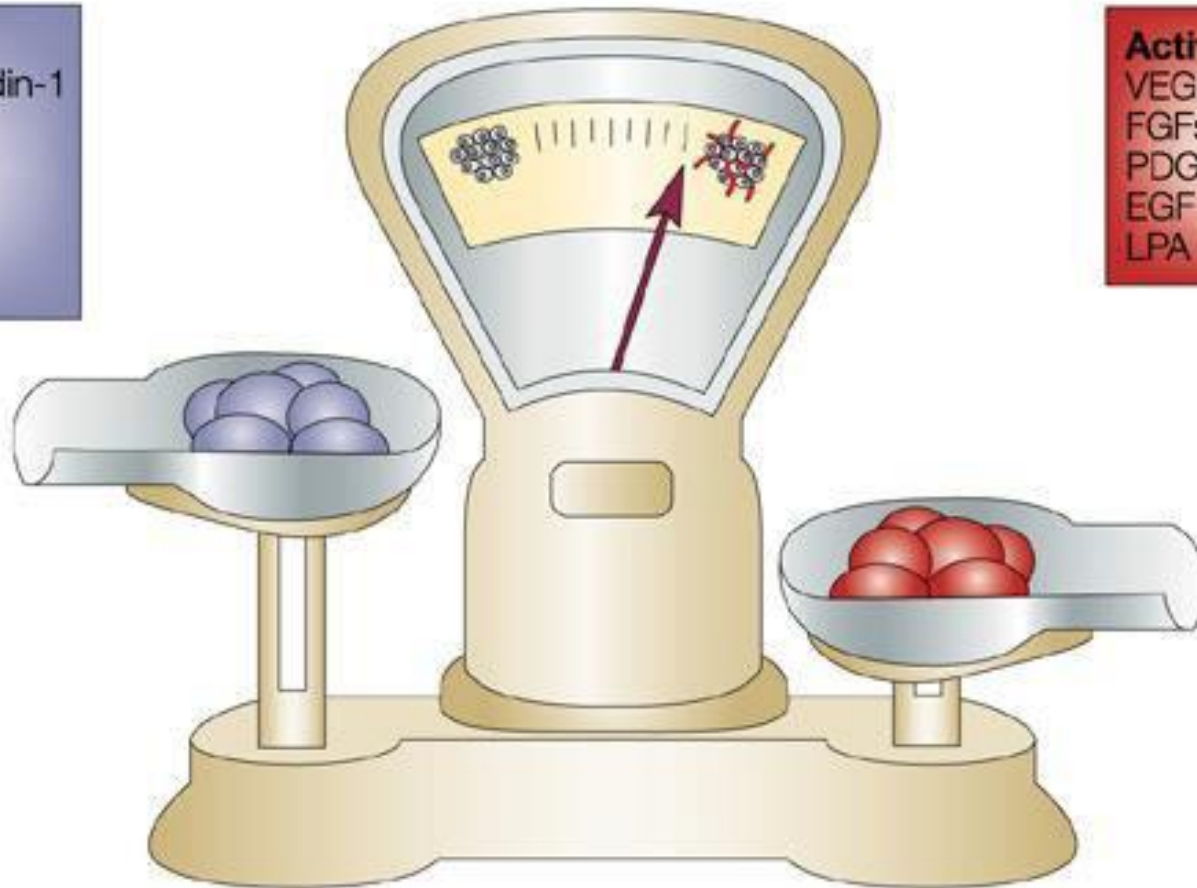
Angiogenic Diseases

Bood vessels	Atherosclerosis, hemangioma, etc.
Skin	Warts, Kaposi sarcoma, Psoriasis, neoplasm
Adipose tissue	Obesity
Bone, joint	Rheumatoid arthritis, synovitis, cancer
Brain, nerves, eye	Diabetic retinopathy, retinopathy of prematurity, vascular dementia
Lymph vessels	tumor metastasis
Haematopoiesis	AIDS, hematologic malignancy

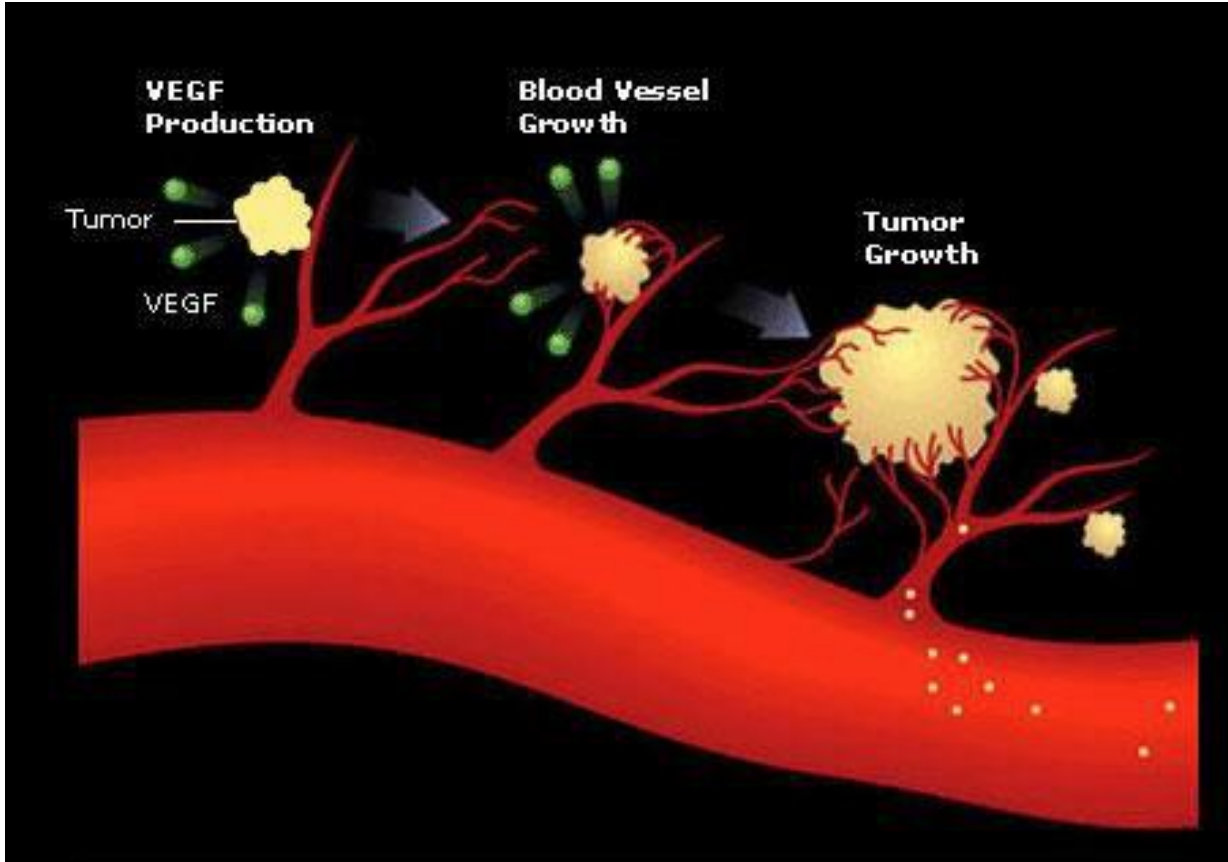
Angiogenic Balance

Inhibitors:
Thrombospondin-1
The statins:
Angiostatin
Endostatin
Canstatin
Tumstatin

Activators
VEGFs
FGFs
PDGFB
EGF
LPA



Tumor growth and angiogenesis



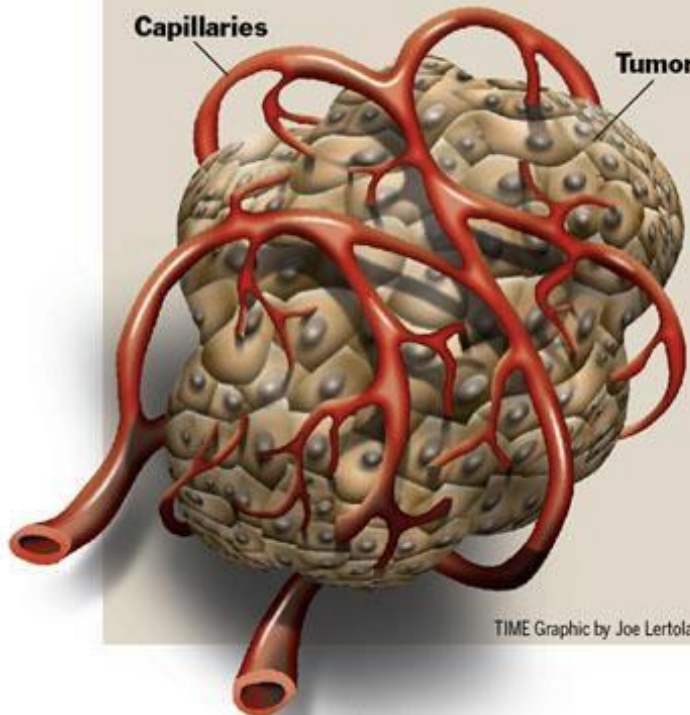
Anti-angiogenic therapy

HOW TO STARVE A TUMOR

1 As a cancer tumor grows, it builds its own network of capillaries that tap into the body's blood supply and draw on the oxygen and nutrients the tumor needs to survive

Capillaries

Tumor



Anti-angiogenesis drugs

Destroyed capillary

Dying cancer cells

2 Drugs that block angiogenesis—the formation of new vessels—cut the tumor off from its blood supply. Gradually, malignant cells die and the tumor starts to shrink

TIME Graphic by Joe Lertola

Angiogenic inhibitors

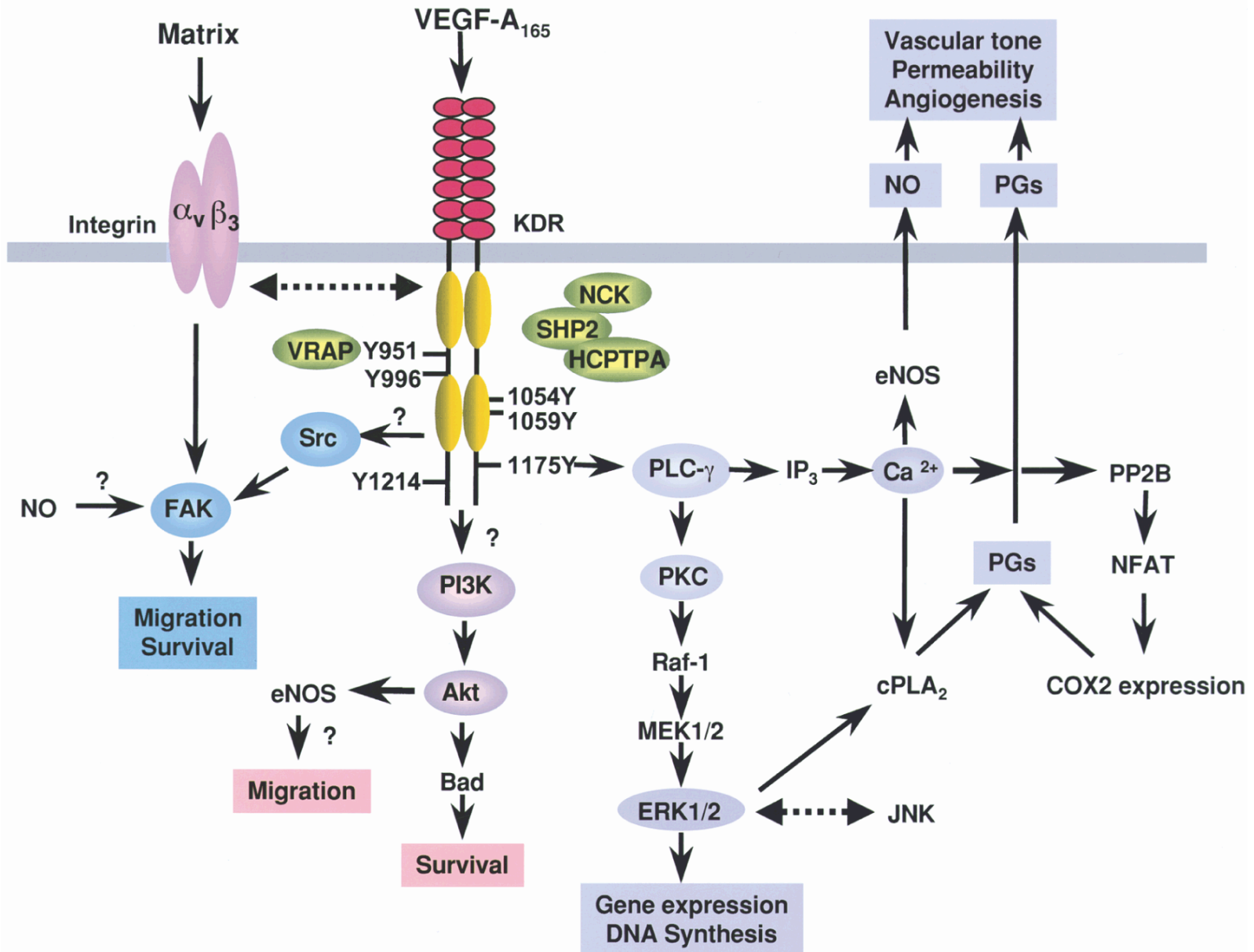
Endogenous (~ 30)

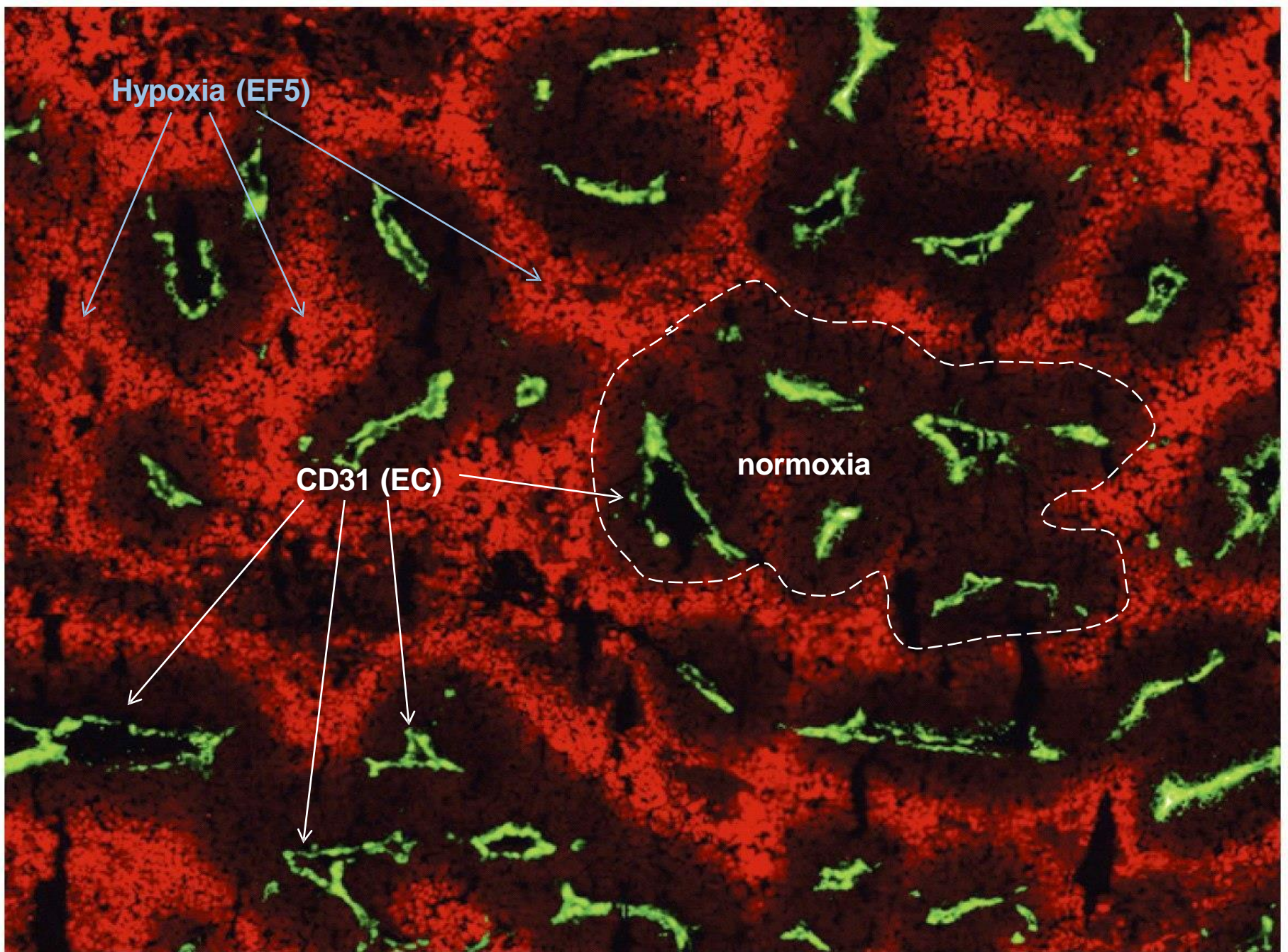
Angioarrestin
Angiostatin (plasminogen fragment)
Cartilage-derived inhibitor (CDI)
Endostatin (collagen XVIII fragment)
Heparinases
hCG
IL12
Kringle 5 (plasminogen fragment)
TIMPs
Plasminogen activator inhibitor
Retinoids
TSP-1
TGF- β

Natural sources

Tree bark
Fungi (TNP-470)
Shark Muscle and Cartilage
Sea coral
Green tea
Herbs
Soybean

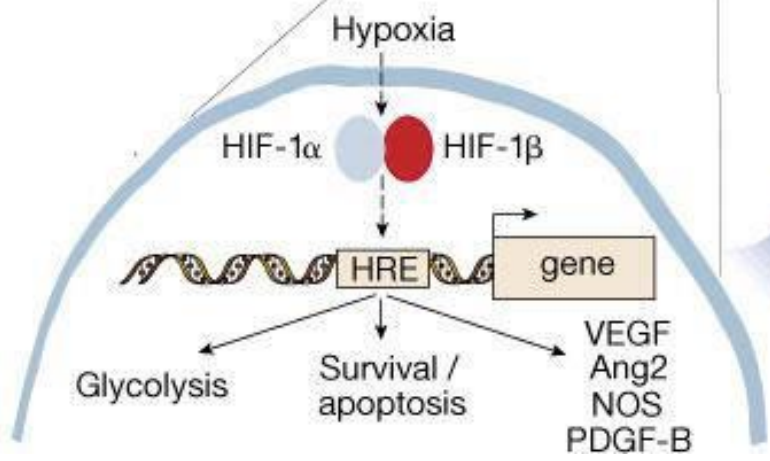
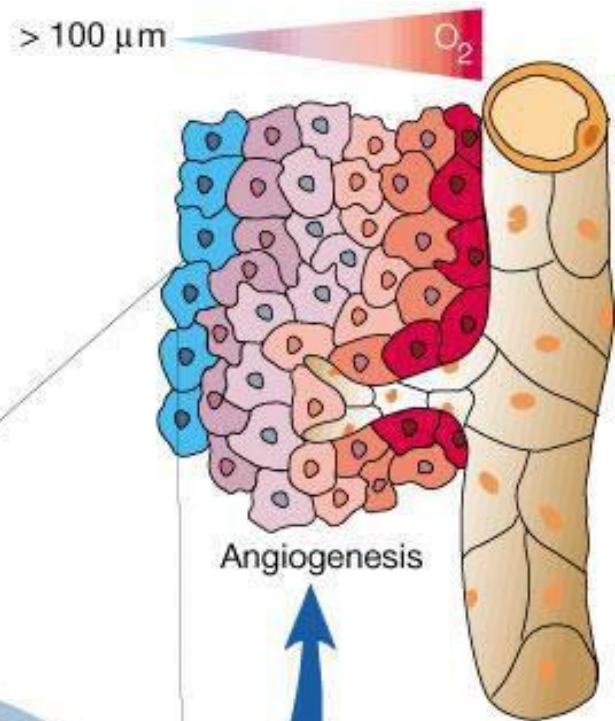
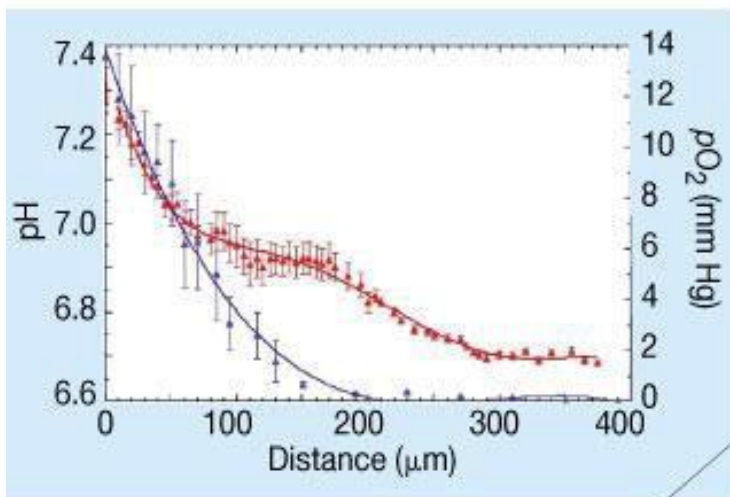
VEGF signaling pathway



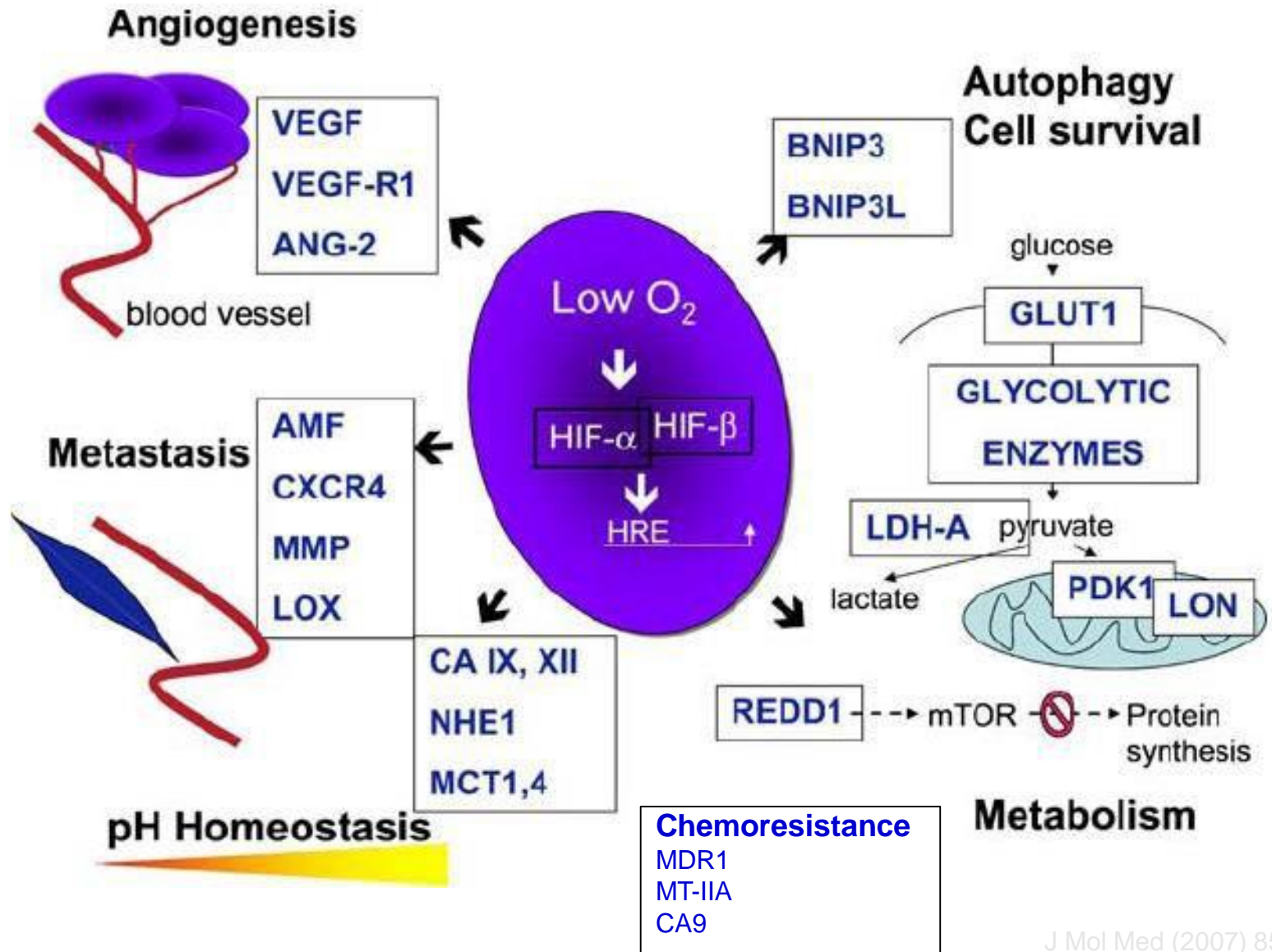


EF-5 (hypoxic marker),

Hypoxic microenvironment in tumor



Role of HIF-1 in cancer cell responses



Angiogenesis

Hypoxia
(저산소 미세환경)

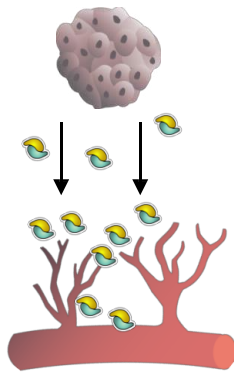
HIF-1
↓
VEGF



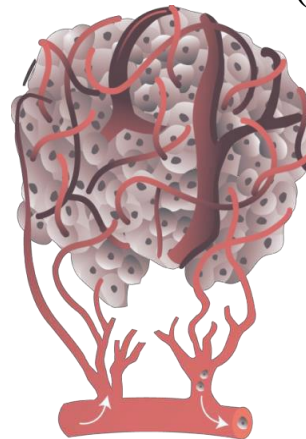
Mutation



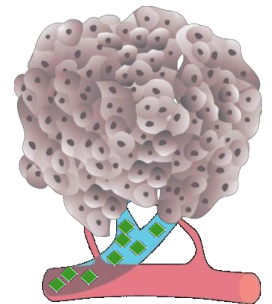
dormant



Secretion of angiogenic factors



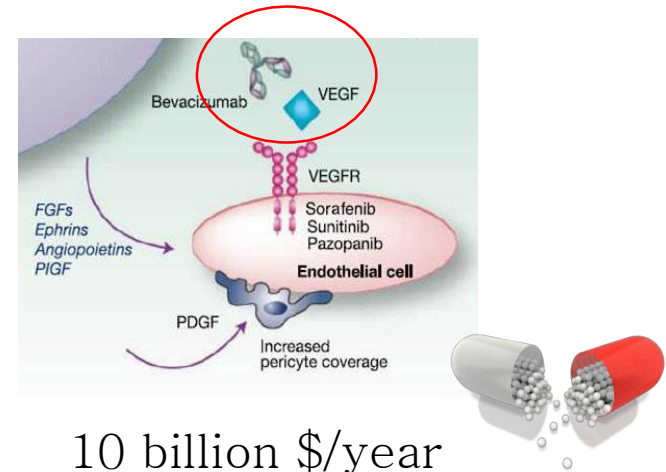
Rapid
growth of
cancer



Regression of cancer

 = Proangiogenic factor, eg. VEGF

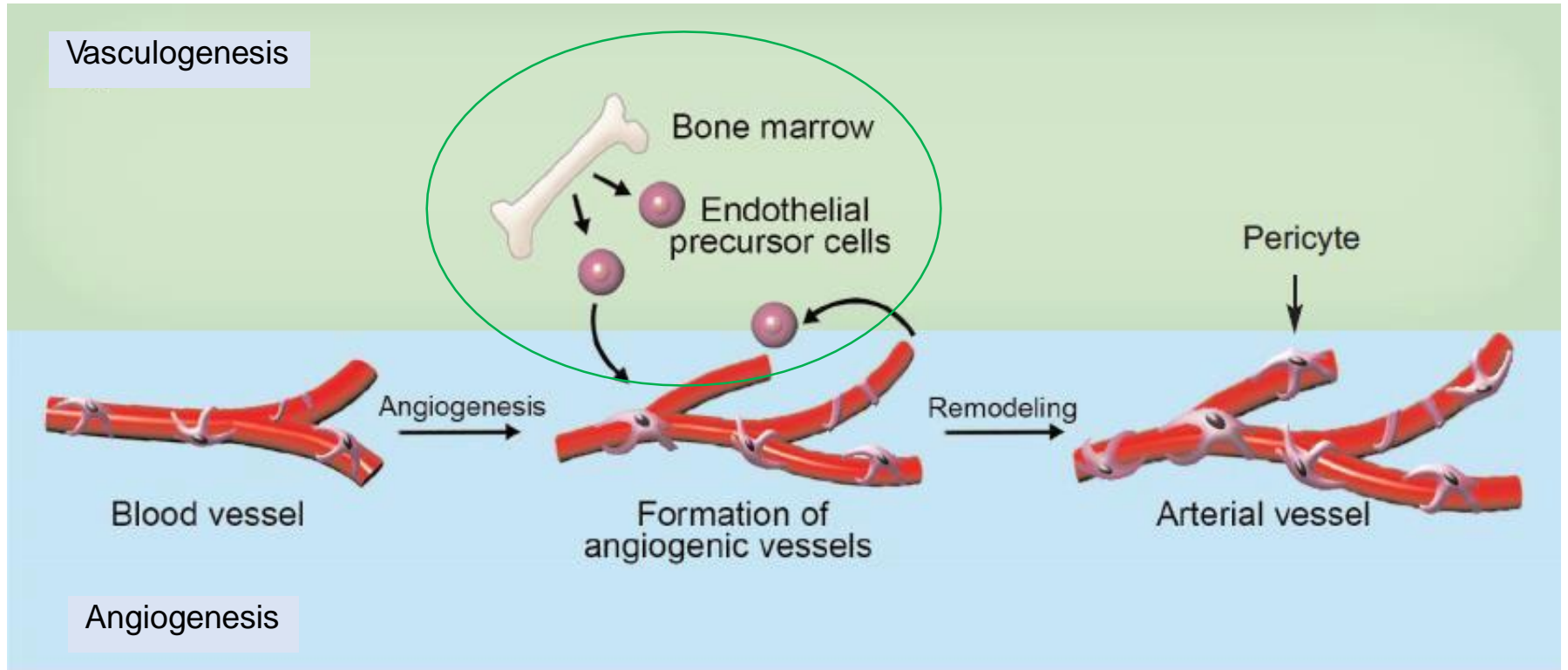
 = Angiogenic inhibitor



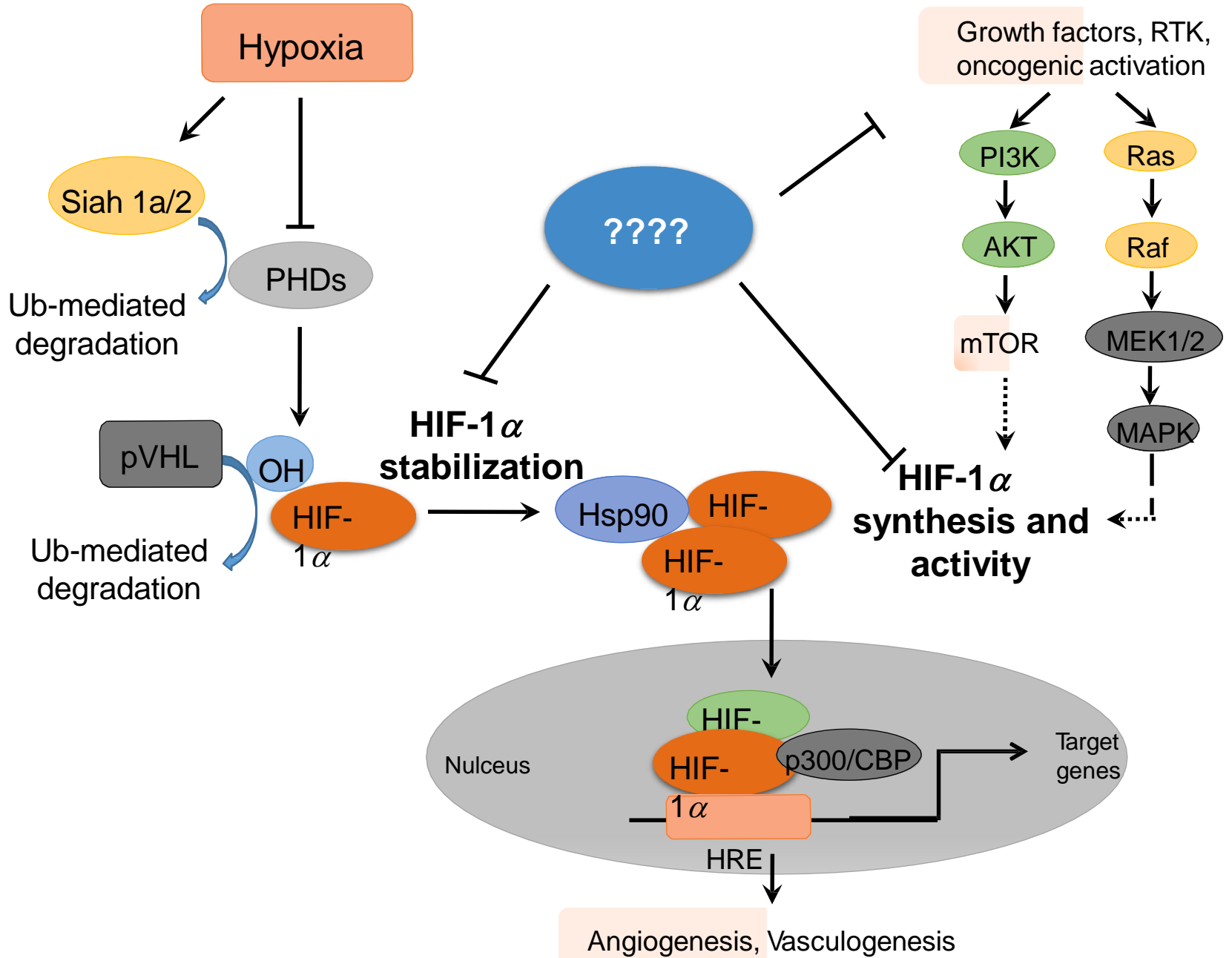
10 billion \$/year
(Roche®)

Carmeliet and Jain. Nature.
2000

Vasculogenesis vs. Angiogenesis

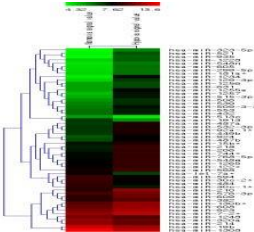


Inhibitors of HIF-1 in tumor angiogenesis



Research Approach

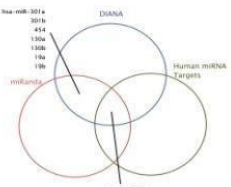
Hypoxia-induced genes



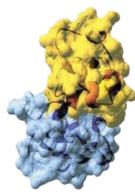
-DNA chip
-Proteomics



Computer Analysis

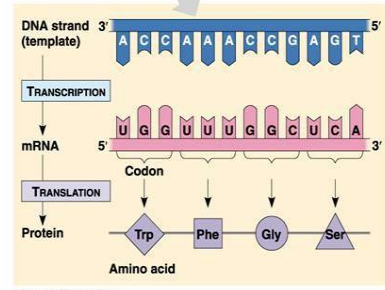
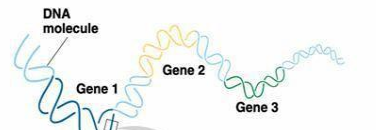


Gene finding



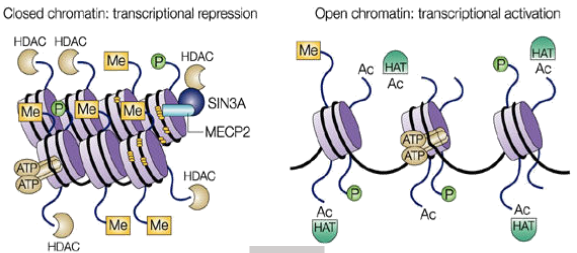
A, B, C, ...X

Mechanism of HIF expression

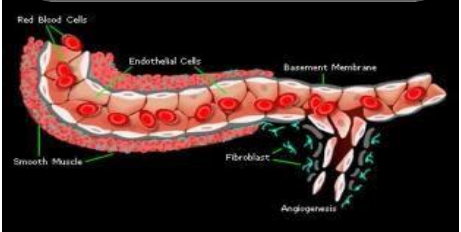


HIF

<Epigenetic regulation>



Functional analysis



Finding of regulatory molecules

Confirm with K/O or K/D animals

