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Si- and Fe-substituted beta-tricalcium phosphate: Synthesis, characterization and in vitro properties

Kyung-Hyeon Yoo, Hyeonjin Kim, Youngjun Kim and Seog-Young Yoon Pusan National University, South Korea

The aim of this study was to investigate the effects of Si and Fe ions in β -TCP on the physical and chemical properties. Betatricalcium phosphate (β -TCP) has been known as biodegradable material for temporary medical devices. Enhancing the strength and osteoconduction properties of β -TCP is important for their applications. To modify mechanical properties and *in vitro* behavior, Si and Fe ions were substituted in β -TCP. The Si- and Fe- substituted β -TCP powder were synthesized by co-precipitation method. Crystal structure and thermal properties of Si- and Fe-substituted β -TCP were investigated by using X-ray diffraction combined with Rietveld refinement analysis and differential thermal analysis (DSC) to compare the effects of substituted elements on β -TCP. Moreover, MTT assay, alkaline phosphate (ALP) staining confirmed the cytotoxicity, cell differentiation and cell proliferation.

Biography

Kyung-Hyeon Yoo has completed her BS from Pusan National University.

seweet07@pusan.ac.kr