A control of the energy bandgap of semiconducting materials including transition metal chalcogenides (TMCs) including TiO$_2$, MoS$_2$, and CoS$_2$ have been paid attention for energy conversion and environmental issues. Herein, we like to introduce new findings about the visible-light driven blue TiO$_2$ materials for photo-catalytic hydrogen evolving reaction (HER) and for an application to remove algae from water.\(^1\) In addition, we like to report new layered ternary transition metal chalcogenides (TTMCs) material to overcome to the limitation of active sites which is challenging in binary transition metal chalcogenides (BTMC) such as MoS$_2$ towards electrochemical hydrogen production. The TTMC, Cu$_2$MoS$_4$, has been successfully synthesized by a facile solution-processed method. Moreover, by anion doping such as Se in as the synthesized Cu$_2$MoS$_4$, it has been found that TTMC can be exfoliated into single layer nanosheets and the single layered TTMC exhibits the highest electrocatalytic activity towards HER.\(^2\) We also report an advanced bi-functional hybrid electrocatalyst for both oxygen reduction reaction (ORR) and oxygen evolution reaction (OER), which is composed of WS$_2$ and CNT connected via tungsten carbide (WC) bonding. WS$_2$ sheets on the surface of CNTs provide catalytic active sites for electrocatalytic activity while the CNTs act as conduction channels and provide a large surface area. We found that four to five layers of WS$_2$ sheets on the surface of CNTs produces excellent catalytic activity towards both ORR and OER, which is comparable to noble metals (Pt, RuO$_2$, etc.). Our findings show the many advantages enabled by designing highly-active, durable, and cost-effective ORR and OER electrocatalysts.\(^3\) Finally, we like to demonstrate new strategy to satisfy all requirements for the development of a highly active and remarkably durable HER electrocatalyst in both acidic and alkaline media via anion-cation double substitution into a CoS$_2$ moiety for preparing 3D mesoporous pyrite-metal vanadium-cobalt phosphorsulphide (Co$_{1-x}$V$_x$SP).\(^4\)


Biography

Hyoyoung Lee has completed his PhD at Department of Chemistry, University of Mississippi, USA in 1997. He did his Postdoctoral studies at North Carolina State University. He worked at Electronics and Telecommunications Research Institute and then moved to Department of Chemistry, Sungkyunkwan University as a full Professor. He served as a Director of National Creative Research Initiatives. Currently, he has served as an Associate Director of Centre for Integrated Nanostructure Physics, Institute of Basic Science. His current research area is 0-2D semiconducting materials and their devices. He has written more than 140 journal articles in top-tier journals and has been serving as an Editorial Board Member of Scientific Reports.

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