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Exploring Current Status and Evolutionary Trends on the Paid Use of State-Owned Forest Resources in China: A Bibliometric Perspective**Xue Wei***Beijing Forestry University, China*

State-owned forest resources occupy an important position in China and the development of their their paid use will help to improve the economic benefits of these resources. The purpose of the paid use of state-owned forest resources is to carry out research on forest tourism, forest science education, forest experience, the underforest economy and economic forest, and timber forest construction, utilizing leasing and franchise right transfer, which is performed to ensure that the ownership of state-owned forest resources remains unchanged. In 2017, the United Nations (UN) approved The UN Strategic Plan for Forests 2017–2030 following The UN Forests Instrument. It is proposed to enhance the economic, social, and environmental benefits of forests, improve forest-based livelihoods, and contribute to economic development. The implementation of this document is critical to the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. According to the Global Forest Resources Assessment 2020, the global forest area for paid use is as follows: around 1.15 billion hectares of forests worldwide were mainly used for the production of wood and non-timber forest products, and 186 million hectares of forests were designated for social services, such as recreation, tourism, educational research, and cultural and spiritual heritage protection. Since 2010, forest designated for this purpose has grown by 186,000 hectares per year. Categorizing the research status of the paid use of state-owned forest resources in China could promote the sustainable and efficient use of state-owned forest resources, and guarantee national forest resource ownership. It is important to implement a process of sustainable development.

Biography

Wei Xue is a PhD candidate at Beijing Forestry University and received her master's degree from Tianjin University of Science & Technology in 2020. Her current research fields focus on forest resource management, R&D investment performance of listed companies, etc. She has participated in the cooperation between China and UNESCO to support South-South cooperation on climate change, poverty alleviation in China's state-owned forest farms, the accounting of gross ecosystem product, wildlife conflict management under the condition of economic-biological coupling, and the incubation path of technological enterprises in Tianjin. She has won the national first-class scholarship, excellent graduate student, and the first-class prize of the Ziyao Cup Business Elite Challenge.