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EDITORIAL

Architectural and Structural Engineering

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Introduction

Structural engineering is the branch of engineering that deals with a buildings or structure's structural integrity and power. Structural engineering is a structural engineering specialty that ensures buildings are secure, stable, and do not collapse when loaded. It is primarily concerned with the structure's study and design.

Analysis of structure

A thorough examination of the wind speed that can bear structural loads, as well as the building's overall capacity and usefulness, offers additional details. The framework will be analysed using structural engineering principles to ensure that it complies with all of the relevant design codes.

The structure's design

Structures must be built to support their own weight as well as the loads and stresses that will be applied to them. The foundations, roof styles, load types, beams, columns, material quality, retaining walls, and other details are all taken into consideration by structural engineers. Our research focuses on facility engineering design and construction from the perspective of integration with all disciplines involved in the process, with an emphasis on the following areas:

Role of Structural Engineering in Building design

Architects decide on the efficacy, viability, and cost-effectiveness of designs at the start of construction projects in partnership with structural engineers, architects, owners, and construction managers. Structural engineers produced the first series of executive design documents as the project advanced to the design level. Structural engineers are critical to a building's efficient design, development, and completion.

• Traditionally, structural engineers have not been associated with environmental protection. The demand for structural

engineers is being driven by rising environmental issues, the growth of smart cities, and the importance of sustainability and energy efficiency.

- Natural resources, potable water, and electricity are all used in the construction of buildings. Second, the building industry is responsible for 30% of global greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. As a result, a sustainable environment cannot be achieved without the involvement of the building and construction industry, especially the structural engineering domain.
- The department of renewable energy is a major driving force. The idea of sustainability is gaining prominence these days, and its applicability in the energy sector is obviously growing. Overall, structural engineers' career and work prospects are very promising in the coming years. In addition, structural engineers work as part of a team with other specialists such as surveyors, quantity surveyors, and architects engineers. A structural engineer must complete the following tasks:
- Using software, build structural models.
- Observing how systems respond to stresses and stress.
- Taking a look at the project's budget.
- Working with construction contractors to ensure the newly constructed buildings are structurally sound.
- Computers and computer-aided design technologies are used for simulation.

Finally, Structural Engineers are ideally suited to work as Design Engineers, Project Engineers, and Site Engineers. Anyone may also have a successful career in science and teaching. You can have a successful career if you are concentrated and passionate.

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