

Contamination after Surgery in Myoepithelial Cell Carcinoma Patient

Shabab S*, Khorsand M, Hamid AR and Shajihi F

Department of Critical Care Nursing, Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran

*Corresponding author: Sad Shabab, Department of Critical Care Nursing, Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran, Tel: 00989212190964; E-mail: Sad_shab@yahoo.com

Received date: August 25, 2016; Accepted date: August 31, 2016; Published date: September 6, 2016

Copyright: © 2016 Shabab S, et al. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

Citation: Shabab S (2016) Contamination after Surgery In Myoepithelial Cell Carcinoma Patient. J Cancer Clin Trials 1: 1101.

Clinical Image



Figure 1: Growth of the tumor before surgery.



Figure 2: Deep Surgical wound infected with worm a month after latest surgery.

When covering and dark, penetrating and fled in the area, the worms were brought to the surface. After surgery, the patient was placed under chemotherapy and radiotherapy. 4 months later the mass at neck and jaw area is large and growing, patient underwent surgery taking place for the fourth time. 2 months after surgery, neck and jaw tumor re-growth quarters, that followed patient underwent a surgery for the fifth time. In the period after the biopsy and pathology studies, cancer metastasis to identify the cofactor chip area that cannot be operated. After surgery all courses, graduate courses of chemotherapy was done for patient. In follow up, the patient died at home with bleeding action area five days after the visit for dressing change (Figures 1 and 2).