Abstract

Galactoceles are benign cystic lesions generally occurring during pregnancy and lactation. Fine needle aspiration yields milky fluid that is often both diagnostic and therapeutic. Galactoceles are non-infective due to sterile environment and have no access to the outer environment. Crystallisation of the milky fluid takes place very rarely.

Keywords: Breast; Old crystallizing galactocele; Aspiration cytology

Case

A 35 year old female presented with a 3×3 cm discrete, non-tender nodule involving the lower outer quadrant of left breast since 3 years. FNAC showed bifrengent angulated crystals of varying size and shape and amorphous material in MGG (MayGrunWald-Geimsa) (Figures 1A-C). She had delivered a baby boy three years back and had presented with a swelling breast same site after a period of 6 months. FNA done had revealed features of a galactocele with aspiration of 5 ml of milky fluid with decreased size of the swelling. Now she has presented after 3 years since then with a clinical impression of a fibroadenoma breast. We performed 2 needle passes which resulted in the aspiration of thick chalky white material that obstructed the needle. In view of clinical history and cytology, a diagnosis of a crystallization of a galactocele was made.

Figure 1: FNAC showed bifrengent angulated crystals of varying size and shape and amorphous material in MGG (MayGrunWald-Geimsa).

The cytological features of a galactocele which are considered to be specific to pregnancy and lactation were assessed by two small series [1] and by three case reports of Raso et al. [2], Nikumbh et al. [3], and Jyothi et al. [4].

Discussion

A galactocele is an uncommon benign lesion of breast resulting from the obstruction of the duct. In addition to lactation several breast lesions which result in a ductal obstruction [2] or a generalized condition such as a breast surgery, the transplacental passage of prolactin, and oral contraceptives can create the factors for the development of a galactocele [1,2].

Unusual feature of a galactocele- crystallizing galactocele makes us to report this case. To the best of our knowledge our case is the fourth case report after Raso et al. [2] and Nikumbh et al. [3], Jyothi et al. [4].

References

