Parkinson’s disease (PD) is a neurodegenerative disorder of the central nervous system which is related to disruption of dopaminergic neurons and is considered an abnormality of the brain [1,2]. It is also important to know that, there is an estimation which shows that seven to ten million people worldwide are living with PD. As a result, the most focus should be placed on its treatment or prevention in order to decrease its rate of occurrence.

The most significant issue that should be considered is that, Adenosine 5’-Monophosphate (AMP)–Activated Protein Kinase (AMPK) main role is to maintain the whole body energy balance [3]. Mainly, during exercise which is a muscular activity, ATP decreases and AMPK activity increases in the brain as well as skeletal muscles [4]. Moreover, some recent studies have shown that activation of AMPK suppresses neuronal polarization [5].

An equally important issue that should not be ignored is that, some researchers have revealed that AMPK integrates growth factor signaling with cell cycle control, which leads to enhance brain development [6].

Based on the above-mentioned points, we hypothesize that exercise may help regulate neuronal polarization which leads to brain development in neurodegenerative disorders such as PD. So we think that exercise would have an essential role in regulation of dopaminergic neurons which are important in reducing PD symptoms. Surely, experimental studies and clinical observations are needed after a specific period of exercising to validate our hypothesis.

References

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