Short Communication Open Access

A Short Note on Emergency Nursing and Forensics

Suresh Sharma*

College of Nursing, All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Rishikesh, Jodhpur, India

Introduction

Forensic nursing is additionally a replacement province occurred in parallel with the speculation of skilled nursing and development scientifically. In Turkey, nurses in rhetorical services attempt to improve their data and skills by gaining expertise on rhetorical cases in departments they work and connection education courses. In our country, once we contemplate nursing education, it's seen that rhetorical nursing subjects don't seem to be regarded enough in programmed. Meanwhile, in some universities, it's began to be facultative subject. Forensic nurse examiners (FNE) are getting integral partners in modern aggregation systems worldwide. Existing rhetorical services are tested inadequate to sufficiently address the huge crimes against girls and youngsters, victims of sexual and force, content crimes, abusive non secular rituals, and atrocities that accompany armed conflict [1]. Considering that nurses comprise the most important cluster of health care suppliers worldwide, rhetorical nurse examiners represent a antecedently unrecognized resource in universal health care and embody a perfect cluster to advance international issues in world health care and social justice. though specific legal issues inside the health care communities vary from country to country, all nations struggle with problems with public health and safety.

Description

A comprehensive multidisciplinary rhetorical education associate degreed educational program for nurses can facilitate improved management of existing social and sexual violence crises whereas reducing an unessential back log of cases for rhetorical physicians. The addition of a rhetorical specialist in nursing science can offer a valuable resource to help within the substantiation of prosecutors' claims or aid within the exoneration of suspects United Nations agency square measure incorrectly suspect [2]. Their distinctive contributions increase coordination and cooperation, share medical/forensic experience, enhance the care of victims of crimes whereas augmenting rhetorical services, and act as a liaison in applicable responsibilities between health care establishments and enforcement agencies. The relevant literature indicates that after the rhetorical Nurse Examiner Response Team is trained, specialists in rhetorical nursing science follow severally underneath the auspices of a Director of Clinical medical specialty or Chief physician. This new generation of health and justice professionals can manufacture affirmative outcomes wherever the science of rhetorical nursing is practiced. The positive treatment of victims of gender based mostly crime, a rise in eminent prosecution, and also the assurance of best specimens' conspicuous recovery can offer confidence within the community at giant that justice has been served through these combined rhetorical services medicine, nursing and also the law.

The science of rhetorical nursing represents associate degree rising worldview within the way forward for the rhetorical sciences as crime and violence assemble the 2 most powerful systems poignant the lives of individuals throughout the globe – health and justice [3]. The requirement for policies to deal with essential problems associated with violence and its associated trauma may be a multidisciplinary concern. These issues need a joint endeavor involving physicians, nurses,

police officers, attorneys, magistrates, sociologists, psychologists, social employees, rhetorical and political scientists, advocates and activists, and alternative criminal justice practitioners to scale back and stop social injustice. Effective rhetorical case management is a section lacking in ample policy and legislation to make sure protection of the legal, civil and human rights of each the victims and also the suspect associate degree known shortage of mean rhetorical physicians has resulted in serious deficits of quality rhetorical services. Recent methods to enhance and improve world standards of take care of victims of crime, the incorrectly suspect and people wrong condemned necessitate the appliance of rhetorical science to nursing follow.

Conclusion

Change is inevitable. Professions that don't amendment consistent with the health and justice trends of our times are going to be lacking in essential skills and services. The knowledge domain every nation should maintain so as to adapt to the necessities of the international organization Millennium Development Goals by 2015, involves AIDS, poverty, hunger, deficiency disease, terrorism, and violence against girls and youngsters. Yet, the uncertainness of meeting these goals poses associate degree huge threat with the advancing range of latest wars, natural disasters and unknown diseases [4, 5]. The science of rhetorical nursing will offer unprecedented help in combating these forces of human destruction through a universal presence, synchronal with rhetorical bioscience and criminal justice systems. Thus, a replacement generation of rhetorical investigators, mixing medicine data with the investigation of injury and death, indicates new methods within the rhetorical sciences for the close to and distant future.

Acknowledgment

The author would like to acknowledge his College of Nursing from the All India Institute of Medical Sciences for their support during this work.

Conflicts of Interest

The author has no known conflicts of interested associated with this paper.

References

 Adriaenssens J, De Gucht V, Maes S (2015) Determinants and prevalence of burnout in emergency nurses: a systematic review of 25 years of research. Int J Nurs Stud 52(2): 649-661.

*Corresponding author: Suresh Sharma, College of Nursing, All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Rishikesh, Jodhpur, India, E-mail: skaiims@gmail.com

Received: 15-Feb-2022, Manuscript No. GNFS-22-60836; Editor assigned: 17-Feb-2022, PreQC No. GNFS-22-60836(PQ); Reviewed: 02-Mar-2022, QC No. GNFS-22-60836; Revised: 07-Mar-2022, Manuscript No. GNFS-22-60836(R); Published: 14-Mar-2022, DOI: 10.4172/2572-0899.1000188

Citation: Sharma S (2022) A Short Note on Emergency Nursing and Forensics. Glob J Nurs Forensic Stud, 6: 188.

Copyright: © 2022 Sharma S. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

- 2. Dominguez-Gomez E, Rutledge DN (2009) Prevalence of secondary traumatic stress among emergency nurses. J Emerg Nurs 35(3): 199-204.
- Adriaenssens J, De Gucht V, Maes S (2015) Causes and consequences of occupational stress in emergency nurses, a longitudinal study. J Nurs Manag 23(3): 346-358.
- Ruan K, Carthy J, Kechadi T, Crosbie M (2011) Cloud forensics. In IFIP International Conference on Digital Forensics (35-46). Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.
- Richard III GG, Roussev V (2006) Next-generation digital forensics. Communications of the ACM 49(2): 76-80.